In this section, you’ll be writing HTML for a simple webpage and also writing a Processing program for event-handling.

1. HTML describes the style of a web page and CSS describes the content of a web page.

Answer: True or False

The section 7 problems continue on the class website.

Notes:
a) For reference, here is the HTML for the webpage from the class slides. This will help you with the HTML that you’ll need for the exercises in this section.

```html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
    <title>My Title</title>
    <style>
        body {
            background-color: rgb(0, 100, 0);
            color: rgb(255, 255, 255);
        }
        h1 {
            color: rgb(200, 100, 0);
        }
    </style>
</head>
<body>
    <img src="friday.jpg" alt="Friday Meme" width="200px" />
    <h1>Very Large Text</h1>
    <h2>Large Text</h2>
    <h3>Medium Text</h3>
    <p>The meme above contains</p>
    <ul>
        <li>Jim Carey</li>
        <li>The word "FRIDAY"</li>
        <li>A question-mark</li>
    </ul>
</body>
</html>
```
b) You will also be adding a button to your website. We didn’t cover this in class, so I’m giving you an example here.

We’ll use the button tag to do this. It needs two attributes: type and onclick. The onclick attribute calls the alert() function. You will provide a string to the alert() function that is the phrase you’d like to see printed. Here is an example:

```html
<button type="button" onclick="alert('Hello CSc 101!')">Click Me!
</button>
```

Take note of the single and double quotes given for onclick!

To see the description of a button tag and a button in action go to: https://www.w3schools.com/tags/tag_button.asp