This distinctive, clean-cut pattern is one of the smaller bedspread motifs, and therefor a very good size for day-beds, couch covers and pillows. The star measures 4 inches across in the warp plan eiven here. Such a small interesting pattern as this would also make excellent portierres. The sample attached shows a warp and binder thread of $20 / 2$ ply, and weft of homespun.
"THE STAR OF BETHLDHEM" PATTERN



## WiEP PLAN

Fidth in reed,- $\quad 311 / 2$ inches.
 Size sley, - 15 -or 30 -dent, 30 thds.per inch.
Total No. ot thas., 943
(For a 16-dent reed with 32 theds.per in the width jll be $291 / 2$ inches in sley.


THRELTIVG PLAN for PORTIERRES Rt. Selvage, $A-B, 4$ thds. $2 x-8$ Rt.Border, B-C,14 thds. $4 x-56$ Pattern,C-D,116 thds.7x- 812 3 extra thes.i-E------- 3 Lft.Borcer, E-F', 14 thds. $4 x-56$ Lft.Selvage, $\mathrm{F}-\mathrm{G}, 4$ thds. $2 \mathrm{x}-8$ Total- 9.43

This threading has the same orree at both sides, and is adapted to any symetrical use, such as Draperies, Pil-
 even Rugs, in which case one shoula use
a heavy rug varp and plan fewer repeats of pattern.

THREADING FOR BEDSPREAD, THREE PANELS; 901 HIDE.

The two side panele, as shown above, should have wide borcers on outside, with inside edge,(arrow) finishing at the center. of a star, so as to matck. another aulf star in adjacent panol. Ficave ranels 1 and 3 first, then change threading as given below. PaNELS 1 and 3

Selvage, $A-B, 2 x-8$
Border, B-C, 12 x- 168
Patterr, C-D,6x-- 696
Fat.Last Time, to
Center of Star, C-H,62
Selvage for seam, $2 x, 8$

$$
\text { Total } \quad 942
$$

VEAVING DRAFT
Burder $\quad 1-24 x$
$1-2 \quad 4 x \quad 2-3 \quad 4 x$
$2-3 \quad 4 x \quad 3-4 \quad 2 x$
3-4 $4 x \quad 4-1 \quad 4 x$
$\begin{array}{llll}\frac{1-4}{} \quad 4 \mathrm{x} & 3-4 & 2 \mathrm{x} \\ \text { Repeat as } & 2-3 & 4 \mathrm{x}\end{array}$
dosined $\frac{1-2-4 x}{8 x}$
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Pattern } & 3-4 & 8 x\end{array}$

CENTEF PANEL, NO. $\hat{2}$, (no Laricr)
Selvage, $A-B, 2 x-3$ Pattern,lst time, start at $\mathrm{H},-\mathrm{H}-\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{-}-54$
Pattern, C-D,7x--- 812
Last time, $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ only, 62
Selvace, - only 7 Total-943

More about Indian Saddle Blanket Weaves! So that you can see its unusual effect, we are sending you an actual sample, woven with three colors of crochet cotton over carpet warp. You will of course use wool for weft, like attached bit of wool. One nice thing about this weave is the possibility it offors of making a soft blend of colors. No one of the three colors usod stands out above the rest; the result is most pleasing, and the resulting blanket or rug is suitable to several color schemos. According to Gladys Reichard, author of "Navajo Shepherd and Woavor", (availablc at Cromine Crafts for $\$ 3.5$ ), the Indians developed several typical Blonket Weaves as follows:

1. BLANKET, "IT IS YOVEN". In this, the throading is tabby, and the weave is of two colors, nltornatine, with two shuttles. At A you will
cec the offect of reaving vertical column of color by using two colors in this way, a technique giving a color blend, fine for blankets or for a section of waving in botween other weaves.
2. "SPECKLED VEAVE". The threading is planned so that two adjacent threads on one harness alternate with two on the other harness.on a 2-hernes: loom the threading would be as shown at B, on a 4-harness, as shown at $C$. Whon woven aith two alternating colors, the effect is as shown at $D$.
3. TYILL OR "BRAIDED". This is the type described in Leaflet 911, the threading being any twill pattern, the weaving donc with one, two, but preferably three successive colors. A word regarding this type may onhance its value. The Weave. The succession of treadling follows the same plan as for the regular twill woeving. Threo successive colors are used, always in the same ordor. The texture of the pattern, along a diaconal line, scems to be quite independent of the trond of the colorod stripes of the design, which appear to $\varepsilon 0$ in tho opposite direction. Forinstance in the elsetch at the right, the texture of the pattern coes from loft--rint, as at E-F, while the dosikn appears in colorod stripes eoing fron $\boldsymbol{x} \boldsymbol{i}^{2} \mathrm{t}$ - Loft, at E-G, ftor the woving has beon finishei. Bevorsing. Both the colora and the treading should be reversed at the same point. Follow chart below as rar as l-2, black. To revorse, road upward, giving 4-1, cray; 3-4, red, etc. The succession of colors chances from black, red, cray, to rray, rod, black. Roaddown:

| 1-2,--black | 1-2,--10d | 1-2,--gray |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2-3,--rer? | 2-3, --E. | 2-3,--black |
| 3-4,--¢r 2 y | 3-4,-mblack | 3-4, -red |
| 4-1,--bl ck | 4-1,-rod | 4-1,--Eray |
|  |  | 1-2,--black.Reverse |
|  |  | 4-1,--cray, etc. |

4. "DIAMOMD". This weave is like Twill, except that there is a reverse in the threading, as at $H$, and the resultine weave makes zig-zaces horizontally,as well 3 rortically, as shown at J, K. One may weave a close? Dianont, as at I. A very protty way to thread the Dinmon? Sadle Elanket is to make the reverso of the throaine cone at the conter, one reverse only, then roverse only once at the center when weavine. The rocult is shown at M. This is nost offective.

"Dianond"

L. Closed Diamond.

M. Reveroe at center only.


Called als Maple leaf ard Ionblo Mascadin Hulls.
This symetrical Bom-Kot Fottern is a delightfui one to wo in the home Because of the nice batanse of the Bow-Knots agajnst the square portione of dosign betmen, it moaves up into a good-iookng pillow cushion; and one Bow-Knot alone may be planned ror a pin-cushion, with a eccorative button at the center where the top and botton are caught together to form the conter of a four-loaf clover. Although the pattern sems a long one, the threading is not difficult and woll-worth the offort involved. If you wish only one repeat of the Bow-Knot, use the plan for the pin-cushion given bolow, with allowance for selvage edge to turn under for seams.


WCRP PLAN FOR PILLO:S, RUNNERS
Material: Warp,20/2 Cotton.
Patern veAt, Crochet Cotton wicth in Sley: 22 inches. Threads per in. 30 (or 32) Total No, of Thrds: 653

THREADING PLAN: The pattern consists of tiv alternating motifs, A-B, the Bor-Knot; B-C, the table in between. Thread as follows:

| A-B-------------173 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| B-C----. -- | 67 |
|  |  |
| B-C.-.---.-.-.-.-.-.- 67 |  |
| P | 173 |
| Total | 653 |

EVING GUIDE: Tabby after each shot.


NARROW WARP PLAN FOR PIN-CUSHION
Material: Same as for Pillow.
Tabby Weft, Same as 7aro. width in sloy: $61 / 2$ inches. Threads per in. 30 (or 32) Tutal No. of Tinds: 193

THREADING PLAN:
Sclvage: $3,4,1,2,3,4,1,2,3,4,--10$
Pattern, A-B-----------173
Selvage, $4,3,2,1,4,3,2,1,4,3,-1.0$ Bow-Knot

| Motif, D: | 3-4 4x | $2 \cdots 314$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7- $\because$ once | 4-1 4x | 3-4 4 - ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 2-3 once | 1-2 6x | 4-1 2x |
| $3-4$ once | 2-3 6x | 1-2 2 x |
| 1 nee | 3-4 8x | 2-3 2x |
| 1-2 twice | 4-1 6x | 3-4 2x |
| 2-3 twice | 1.-.2 8x | $4-1$ once |
| 3-4 twice | 2-3 6x | 1-2. once |
| 4.7 twiec |  | 2-3 once |
| 1-2 $4 x$ | $4-1<x$ | 3-4 once |
| $-34 x$ | 1-2 $4 x$ | 4-1 10 |

This lest section, $4-1,10 \times$ forms a block at center of pattern. Heverse from the $4-1$ block to beginning. After weaving Bow-Knot, D, weave the Table, E , as follows: $4-1 \quad 4 \mathrm{x}$ $2-3 \quad 4 x$.
Repeat to form a square, then meave section D, Bow-Knot, again.ilternate D,E.

In weaving pin-cushion, simply weave one complete section of Bow-Knot notif,D.

There may be things "sweeter than honey and the honeycomb", (Psalms 19:10), but thare cortainly are few techniques prettier than "honevcoub" for reaving-stuarfne stand covers, purees, or in bicior ricths, pencls for petierres or bedsprends. The woven surface is partly a wara-face fabric, with heavy wett, threads appearing in ridgos under the warp, outlining the pattern parts which occur in smeil widts, sunkon in between the tabby. This effect of "relief" :raving is caused by using a E'Ine pattern thread and a heavi troby thread, inatead of the usual heavy jettern thread and finc teabby thecad. the draft itselis is similar to other overshot drafts but is sovon difforontly. Tho resulting cloth is firm, pattorn in conspicuous spot.s on right side, while the rrorg cannot be used because of large skips of the aittern thread. The techniuug is unusual and interesting but limited to certin uses. In the next issuo wo nill give a honuycomb pattorn for a bedspread.


GIARP PLAN FOR PUESE OR VASE-MAT
Matarinl: Wirp, 20/2ply cottor. Puttorn thread, umbrian warp or perle 20.
Tabby thread, crochet cotton coubled. Dent rced: 30 or 15 Dent reed: 32 or 16 Thas. per in: 30 Hielu: $71 / L_{4}$ inches TO: Cl Ho.Thds: 218

Thds. per in: 32 Fidith: 7 inches Total Ro.Theis: 218

THREADING PLAN: Threading through pattern, from A-B ence, 218 thds. maises square shown at D. To make ricier, thriad unly as lar as $C$, tacn repent $A-C$ as far as desirat, adding C-B it loft selvages A-C--1 172 threads: Repent is ciosirod. Finish rith C-b--- 40 threaris.

## WEAING NHE MFREYCOUB YAY

If one were to weave this pattern like an overshot, onc would follow the phrases mericen, using two trondles at a time, with ench pritiern thruad followed by is tabby. Porinstance for first group at A, 4,1,4,1, otc., we would treadle $4 \dot{C l}$ six times with tabby betweer. In the honcycomb method, we separate the combinetion and weave 4 olone, then 1 alone, then 4,1,4,1, or six seperate shots without tabby. This makes a solid little block of tabby ohorever the 4-1 blccks oceur, but also leaves an unmoven portion on the wrong side inder other biocks.

Since the pattern blocks make a section of tabby across the warp, the pattern thrd must be the same size as the warp. However
the tabloy throad is much haavier then the pattorn thread, like Porle 3, or Perle 5 or crochot cotton used ioubl.e. After such a block as we have ju:t described, $(4,1,6 x)$ wearc tro shots of tahky with the heavy thread, 183,2i84. This tabby thread lifts the warp up in ridges, and the effect is that of $\varepsilon$ hoavy outline around the pattorn blocks.The tabby thread rises jver the pattern blocks, anci cips in botveen. where the pattern throad dieajipen under the warp. At these peints user pattern blucks will be woven later.

We have nom woven the first block of 4,1 and adiced tahizy. The noxt small hl: ck:, 1,$2 ; 2,7$; ?, 4 ; are tor small to veave, for the heavy texby would com ver thon; so next ne vauve another 4,1 block of 6 shots followed by taiby. This block is reported 6 times.

Our noxt important block is 4,3. Feave this iith sepatate treaciling, 4,3,4 ${ }^{3}, 4,3,4,3,4,3,4,3,12$ shots; then leave two tabby of heavy thread. Contique all through pattern, weaving cach parked phrase ip thic, way.


The meel-of-Fortune pattern is a Colonial pattern, found in its best form in the Shuttlecraft Book of American Handweaving, Pattern No. 100 , page 185.


This is one of the most satisfying of bedspread patterns, its layout of circles alternating with motifs suggestive of squares, giving it a rathor restful shythin.

The plan bolow is designed for a 32" loom. The threading is planned for three pancls, with the conter panel having aach side onding in a half wheel, which in burn will meet a half wheel on the inside cdge of each side panel. (Soe sketch). The outside edge of cach sido panel ends in a border and a solvage.

## TARP PLAN:

Warp: $20 / 2$ ply cotton, or $24 / 3$ ply.
Weft: Fattorn Weft, Homespun Wool or Shetland. Tabby Hoft, 14se warp.
Thds. per in. 32, 2 per dent in 16-cient
reed, (or 2 por 2 . in 15 -dent reed)
Wiath in Sley: 30 I/2"
Total No. of Thds. 980.

## MIREADING PLAN:

Conter Panol, starting with half wheel, Pattorn, $\overline{\mathrm{C}}$ only- -134 Wole pattorn, A-C, 196 thds. $4 x-\cdots-\cdots 84$


Side Panols, (same throading for each) Count off 135 threads at loft side, pull out of hoddlos. Last thread Loft in will bo through Harnoss 1, at D. Sctimead as bolow, starting aftor A-D----123.
Pettern, B-C--------134
Thole Pattorn, A-C, 196 thds. $3 x-\cdots 58$
Fourth tinc, $A-D$ only --...-...-. 123 Retinrond: Border E-F, 12, 10x-- 120
Portion Sclvage, $G-15$ thds. -15 (Rcp. Solv. to 25 th Tha.) Tota]. 980

## MEAVING PLAN:



The weaver could not make a better choice than to thread his loom to this beautiful Wheel-of-Fortune pattern. It belongs to the family of "Wheel Patterns With Stars and Roses". (Shuttlecraft Book, P.185,Pat.100.) The soft rhythm of its repeating wheels between large cross formations makes it a most effective rug to add a touch of interest to a dull spot. The same threading may be used with finer thread and more repeats of the central motif, $B-C$, for draperies, wall hangings, pillows or runners. For coverletin the same pattern see Leaflet No.919.

 Selv
R

WARP PLAN FOR RUG $36^{\prime \prime} \times 48^{\prime \prime}$
Warp: 8/4 Carpet Warp.
Weft: Pattern, Rug Yarn or Wool Yarn or Rags. Tabby: Same as Warp.
Thds. per in: 16 (or 15)
Width in Sley: 36"
Total No. Threads: 571
THREADING PLAN:
Selvage, once, 1,2,3,4--4
Border, $A-B, 2 x---24$
Pattern, B-C, (196)2x- -392
3rd Time, $B-D$ only, --123
Left Border, E-F,2x- - 24
Left Selvage, 4, 3,2,1 - 4 Total-571

PLAN FOR SMALLER RUG, BATHMAT: ( $25^{\prime \prime} \times 36^{\prime \prime}$ )
Thds. per in: 16 (or 15 )
Width: 25 in.
Total Thds: 399

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Selvage, - - - - - - } 4 \\
& \text { Border, A-B, } 3 x---36 \\
& \text { Fattern, D-C, once - - } 196 \\
& \text { Then B to D only, - } 123 \\
& \text { Left Border, E-F, } 3 x-36 \\
& \text { Left Selvage, } \frac{-1-4}{399}
\end{aligned}
$$

Note: For 32" looms, thread: Selvage- - . - - . 4 Pattern, B to C, $2 \mathrm{x}-\mathrm{-} 392$
Then B to D only, - - 123. plus Selv.4, Total 523


Pattern Proper: Hs.lł2, once " 2-3, " " 3-4, " " 4-1, " 1-2, " 2-3, " 3-4, 4-1, 1-2, $2 x$ " $2-3,2 x$ " $3-4,3$
" $4-1,3 x$
" l-2, once



## 

,

" 2-3, $2 x$
" $1-2,2 x$
4-1, once
" $2-3$,
" $\begin{aligned} & 2-3, \\ & 1-2\end{aligned}$

il 3
il $2-3$,
*" $^{\prime \prime} \quad 1-2$,
:

## ,

 4-7; 1p2, 4-1, " 1-2, " 4-1, 3x 3-4, 3x 2-3, $2 x$ 1-2, 2x -2, 1-1, " " "* 
- 

Weaving, Cont:
Hs.4-1, 2x " 3-4, $2 x$
" 2-3, $3 x$
" 1-2, 3x
" 4-1, once
" 1-2, "
-
For Bathmat or ${ }^{\circ}$ smaller rug, repeat pattern $2 x$ only then add up Eto $*$, and border.
$1 \times-$

For Rug, 36" x 48", repeat entire pattern $3 x$; then finish with pattern proper as far as $\%$. Add border:

| Hs. | 4-1, | once |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3-4, | " |
|  | 2-3, | " |
|  | 1-2, | " |

This sunf?omer pattern will cake an attractive rur, and the same pattern may be threaded with finer cotton ior pillo:s, runners, etc. This is an arrancement of Pattern "o.137, P.200, of Shuttlecraft Book on American Handweavint, by Atmater.

A


Rt.Selv

$B$ to 0,64 thr eads


The pattern is so arranged as to weave dark colored blocks at the corners and center, and licht blocks on sides and ends. The other side will be the reverse.

## TARP PLAN

Yarp: $8 / 4$ carpet $w$.
Filler: ?ucro, racs, if all one color. Tabby: Same as uarp. "idth in sley: $281 / 2$ " Total No. Thds. 457

THREADIIG PLAN

|  |
| :---: |
| Rt; Selvace --- 404 A-B- -306 |
| B-C- - - - - 64 |
| C-D. - - - - 22 |
| B-C- - - - - 64 |
| C-D. . . . - 22 |
| B-C- . . . - 64 |
| A-B - . . - 106 |
| Left Selva e - 5 |
| Tota |

SAVITG PLAN : Teave E,F,G,F,G,F,E.

| Large | Corne | Square, E. | 4 T 1 x | $2-31 x$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1-2 | 2 x or more, de- |  | 3-4 2x | 1-2. $1 x$ |
|  | nendine on filler |  | 2-3 2x | ?ep. $7 x$ |
| 2-3 | 2 x |  | 1-2 $2 x$ | 2-3 1x |
| 3-4 | 2 x | Corner Sc. | 4-1 2x | 1-2 2x |
| 4-1 | 2 x | Continued | 3-4 2x | 4-1 1x |
| 1-2 | 2 x | 3-4 2x | $\begin{array}{cc}2-3 & 2 x\end{array}$ | 1-2 1x |
| $2-3$ | 2 x | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ll}2-3 & \text { once } \\ 3-4 & \text { once }\end{array}\right.$ | 1-2 2x | ?ep. $3 x$ |
| 3-4 | 2 x |  |  | 4-1 1x |
| 4-1 | once | Ren. last | Li:ht Sq | Dia"ond |
| 3-4 | once | 2 shots 7 | at F . | bet.sqs, G |
| 4-1 |  | times. | 4-1 1x | $1-2{ }^{2}$ |
| 3-4 | " | $2-3$ once | 1-2 z | 2-3 2x |
| 4-1 | " | $3-4 \quad 2 \mathrm{x}$ | 2en.3x | 3-4 2x |
| 3-4 | " | 4-1 once | 4-1 1x | 4-1 4x |
| 4-1 | " | $3-4$ once | 1-2 2 x | 3-4 2x |
|  |  | . $3 x$ |  | 2-3 2x |
|  |  |  |  | $1-2 \quad 2 x$ |



## Thread Lef't Selvąe, $1,4,3,2,1$.




The pattern as given in lis. Atwater's book, is a popular one for bedspreads. The ruc pattern is planned to match such e. sproad. The original draft wes used both in the South and New England; ranks high with weavers.

## WARP PLAN

Warp: 8/4 carpet warp.
Weft: Fattern weft, Rugro or rars of one color. Tabby weft, like warp.
Thds. per in. 16
"isdth in Reed: 22 1/4"
Total No. of Thds. 355
Note: "7ith 12 thds. per in. width will be 30".

The threading plan given above makes a bath-mat $22^{\prime \prime}$ Wide. To make a wider ruc, repeat $B$ to $C$ an additional time for each 2 " more of width desired.

WEAVING PLAN: Follow each shot with tabby-

| Forder: | Cexto or iug: | Border |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1-2, $2 x$ | -7, $2 x$, | 4-1, 4x |
| 2-3, 2x | 2-3, 2x | 3-4, 4x |
| 3-4, 2x | i-?. $\mathrm{ex}^{\text {x }}$ | $2-3,4 x$ |
| 4-1,4: | $\cdots$ - - ${ }^{-1}$ | 1-2, $4 x$ |
| 3-4, 4x | 2-n, 2x | 3-4, once |
| 2-3, 4x | 2-3, 2x | 1-2, 3x |
| 1m2, 4x | 3-4, 2x | 3-4, once |
| 3-4, onice |  | 1-2, 3x |
| 1-2, 3x | $4-1,4 x$ | $3-4$, once |
| 3-4, onee | Repeat above | 1-2, $j x$ |
| 1-2, 3x | center motif | 3-4, once |
| 3-4, once | as desired. | 1-2, 3x |
| 1-2, 3x | Tinish with: | 3-4, once |
| $3-4$, once | 3-4, 2x | 1-2, $4 x$ |
| 1-2, 3x | 2-3, 2x | 2-3, 4x |
| 3-4, once | 1-2, 2x | 3-4, 4x |
| 1-6, 4x | 3.4, 2x | $4-1,4 x$ |
| 2-3, 4 x | 1-2, 2 x | 3-4, 2x |
| 3-4, 4x | 2-3, $2 x$ | 2-3, 2 x |
| 4-1, 4x | 3-4, 2x | 1-2, 2 x |



## THREADING PLAN

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Seivage, } 1,2,3,4,-\ldots-\cdots, 4 \text { thds. } \\
& \text { pattorng (Corner) A to } \mathrm{B},
\end{aligned}
$$

Paitern, cont., (center notif) $B$ to C, 32 thds. Repeat 4 tires.. - - .. - 28
Battern, cont. $C$ to $D$, comerics. Selvage, $4,3,2,1-\ldots-\ldots-\frac{4}{\text { Total }}$ ".


Creative Crafts,

This very beautiful radiatine pattern nakes a ficure resembling a four-leaf clover, with four large leaves radiating from the center composed of a table. As planned here, and woven as draw in, the draft will weave into a 16 -inch square, just the richt size for a pillow, table mat, or a ficure of a larce bedspread. The pattern is adapted from Draft No. 113, p. 191, of Mary Atwater's"Shuttlecraft Book of American Handweaving."

B-Border-- A Selvace


## WARP PLAN:

Warp: 30/2 cotton or 20/2 for slightly heavier texture.
Weft: Pattern: Frostone, Fabri Wool or Crochet Cotton. Tabby, same as warp.
Thds. per in. 32, 2 per dent in 16 d . Width in reed: $16 \frac{7}{3}$ in.

THREADINYG PLAN:
Selvare, --
Border, $A-B-$

-     - ---12


WEAVING PLAN, Cont. Then add center

| 4-1 | 6 x |  | of entire pattern: |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3-4 | 6 x | Cont. | 1-2 | 8 x |
| 2-3 | 8 x | 1-2 1x | 4-1 | 4 x |
| 3-4 | 8 x | 4-1 1x | 1-2 | 8x Repeat |
| 4-1 | 8 x | 3-4 1x | 4-1 | lx this col- |
| 3-4 | 6x | 2-3 1x | 3-4 | lx umn, then |
| - | 6x | 1-2 8x | 2-3 | 1x finish |
| 1-2 | 4x | Reverse | 1-2 | Ix center |
| 4-1 | 4 x | This is | 2-3 | lx table: |
| 3-4 | 3x | center of | 3-4 | 1x 1-2 8x |
| 2-3 | 3 x | one bow. | 4-1 | $1 \times 4-14 x$ |
|  |  |  |  | 1-2 8x |

Here's a "good-luck" pattern, the "Four-Ieaf Clover", with four leaf-like parts projecting fron a Cross at their center. The pattern is adapted from the pattom of this nane in Mory Atwater's Shuttiecraft Book, Pace 174, iNo.63.

Th: : patiom mould make atbractive rugs, piliows and bedspreads, for its parts make a charming symetrical dosign of interost and boeuty. One complete motif, with Thbles at four cornors, makes on $8 \prime$ muner or squaro doily, (threals set at 30 por inch) useful for a vasc-nat, offective whon woven with greon and an addition of a bright color as dirccted belov. (See starred portions,*, for addition of second color. With two full repeats the pattern nakes a runner $15^{\prime \prime}$ wide; wị th three ropeats, pillows $20^{\prime \prime}$ to $22^{\prime \prime}$ wide. See specific plans below.


## WARP PLAT:

Warp: $20 / 2$ ply cotton.
Wert: Patternmwoft, Cro. Cot. or Fabri Wool. Tabby-meft, like warp.
Thes. per inch, 30 or 32.

## THREADING PLAN:

For Square Vase Mat, about $\overline{8 \prime \prime}$ square:
Selvage - - - - - -
Pattern, A to $\mathrm{B},-\cdots-200$
Patiorn, A to Conly - 39
Solvago - - - - - - $-\frac{8}{\text { Total- }-255}$
With thds. set 30 per innh, this makes a width of $81 / 2^{\prime \prime}$. With 32 por inch, wiath, 8 !.

For Runner, about $15^{11}$ wide: Throad ar above, but repoat ontiro pet. A to B, 2 x . Total thds. 455
Thas. sot 30 por in.; width $15^{11}$. Thes. set 32 por in., " $141 / 41$.

For Pillous about 22". wide:
Thread as abovo, but ropent $A$ to $B$ 3x. Totre thds. 655.

For Rugs $281 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ wide:
Use Caryet Werp at. 16 por inch. Mread as above with two ropents of
A to $B$, total thas. 455.

WEAVING PIAN:
$\frac{\text { Sclvase Border: }}{1-2,2-3,3-4,4-1}$
Ropeat 2 tines.


| Soction Y: |  | Sec. Y, Cont. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inav | cs E.Cross, | 4-1 8x * |
| $4 \times 1$ | 5 x | 3-4 8x |
| 3-4 | 5 x | 2-3 5x- |
| 2-3 | 5 x | (1-2) $4 x^{*}$ |
| 1-2 | 4x* | Reverse at |
| 2 m | 4x | (1-2, center, |
| 1-2 | 4x* | telking $-3,5 x$ |
| 2-3 | 5 x | next etc. |
| 3-4 | 8 x | Continue to |
| 4 m 1 | 8x* | beginining of $Y$. |
|  | 2 x | Teave $X$, then |

This sketch shows 1/4 of pattern onlæっone corner, onc Ieaf \& Conter.



The Sun, Moon and Stars pattern is a farorito for bedspreads and pillows. It is beautifully balanced, with a largs cintral tabie and four stars, one at each corner, It belongs to the group of Star and Thaed. Patierns with Cross or Diamond. (See Shuttlecraft Book, by Atwater, P.177, Pattern 74.) There is a fine example of a coverlet woven in this pattern at the Smithsonian Institute, Fashington, D.C.

The name of the pattern, given in Coloniel days, soems especially suitable for the making of gifts at Christmastime, when one thinks of Starlit skies and the crystal clear of the heavens. A runner or pillow, perhaps a purse, woven in this pattern would make a timely gift. Our studio sample was made on a white warp with țabby weft of midnight bure or navy $20 / 2$, and pattern weft of $10 / 3$ strand or crochet cotton, Ming Gold. This gives the effect of gold "Sun and Moon" on midnight blue background.

The pattern below is given in several widths.The $13^{\prime \prime}$ width, weaving down to width of $12^{\prime \prime}$, makes a good sample square for the weaver who is planning woven Colonial squares



WARP PL.AN: For a pillow, $17^{\prime \prime}$ square. Width: $17 \frac{1}{2}$ ", weaves down to $17{ }^{\prime \prime}$. Threads per inch: 32 Dent Reed: , 16,2 per dent, 32 per in. Total No. of Thds. 563

THREADING PLAN: (I)
Selvage, Harnesses 1,2,3,4- . - 4
Border, A to B, 12 thds. Repeat $2 x-24$
Pattern, B to C, 126 threads. Rep, 4x- 504
add $C$ to $D, 3$ extra threads. - . . . 3
Border backwards, B to A, 2 times - - 24
Left Selvage, 4,3.2,1 - $-\cdots-{ }^{4}$
Total - 563
PLAN FOR $\AA$ COVERLETI, $85^{\prime \prime}$ wide on $32^{\prime \prime}$ loom. (2)
Two Side Panels: Fidth 32" each.
Border, A to B,12 thds. Rep. 22x- - 264
Pattern, $B$ to $\mathrm{C}, 126$ thds.Rep. 6x--756
Add extra thds. $C$ to $D-\frac{-}{\text { Total }} \frac{-\frac{1}{-1023}}{2}$
Center Panel: Width 24", weaves to 23":
Omit border, simply take out thds.
Use Pattern Part only, B to C,
Thread this 6 times(126) - - 756

TONEL TIDTHS: Use Threading.Plan: (1)
13" Wide:Thread as above, but repeat $B$ to C. 3 times only -.. - 437
1en Wids:Thread as above ad. 16 selvage ench side'Bto $\mathrm{C}, 4$ times as given - 595
SMALL FUNNER: $9^{\prime \prime}$ wide. Repeat pattern, B to $C$, $2 x$ nily: Total threads- - - - - 311
PIN CUSHION:' $5^{\prime \prime}$ wide, Repeat $B$ to $C$, once only, Total threads- - - m-- 185

The Queen's Delight Pattern is excellent for coverlets, pillows and rugs. Its design has a rather tailored effect, due to an aiteration of flat tables, see $X$ below, with larger sections of stars and roses, Y. The pattern be longs to the family of "Stars and Roses with a Table". (Shuttlecraft Book, P.174, No.61).

Te have adapted this pattern to use in the bedroom, with draperies and rugs to go with the coverlet. On a $32^{\prime \prime}$ loom use pattern given here, iaking out one repeat of pattern from C.D.TEis gives two side panels. For tho center, either take out or rethread border to nure repeats.


WARP PLAN: COVERLET PILLOW $\quad$ RUG Width in Reed: 42 (or 40) 19"(or 18") 32" (or 30) Thas. per inch: 30(or 32) 30(or 32) 15: (or 16) Total Thds: $1258573 \quad 430$

Note: Figures in brackets for 16 or 32 per in.

Note: Coveriet pattern goes to center uf epread, Two pencis will yike complete ailuter affect with borders au ead side. No, er Thds.
Selvage, $3,4,1,2,3,4, \ldots \ldots .6$
Main Paitern only, no bexdor,
kepeat 2 times (co4)- - -408
Add Table, $C$ to T., - .. - - 60
Left Selvage, 4: 3, 2, 1, 4, 3, - -6
Total - - 480
Star:口 Rose: O

WEAVING PLAN:

| Border: | Main Pattern: |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4-1, 4x | X :TABLE: | Y, Continued |
| 3-4, 4 x | 1-2,4x | 2-3,4x |
| 2-3.4x | 2-3.4x | $3-4,6 x$ |
| 1-2.4x | Rep.to | 4-1,6x |
| Repeat as | square. | 3-4,2x |
| desired. | Finish | 4-1,6x |
| 4-1,6x | with: | 3-4,6x |
| 3-4,6x | 1-2,4x | 2-3,4x |
| 4-1,2x |  | 1-2,4x |
| 3-4, 6x | Y. STARS, ROSES | Rep, $\bar{Y}, 2 \mathrm{x}$, Add: |
| 4-176x | 4-1,6x | $4-1 ; 6 x$ |
| Once only. | 3-4,6x | 3-4.6x |
|  | 4-1,2x | $4-1,2 x$ |
|  | 3-4,6x | 3-4,6x |
|  | 4-1,6x | $4-1,6 x$ |

Weave the coverlet and other items by alternating Table $I$ and Stars and Roses, Y. Finish all with X , then border backwards.


This spacious development of alternating large star and rose motifs shows how two quite different units may be balanced in a pleasing pattern. It is one of those arrangements that rather insists on being woven as drawn in, and of a single color. Otherwise, its nice all-over effect would be 3rokan. If you wish to use two colors, change the color as you pass from one area to the other, doing one area, such as;a, in the first color, the other area in the second, b.

From this pattern you can also obtain a conventional border, $c$, and a border with a twill effect, $\mathrm{d}_{\text {. }}$

There are two definite centers to the pattern. Reverses are made from these points. The pattern weaves into a lovely all-over surface effect usem ful for heavy pattern cloth, pillows, couch throws, etc. It is charming woven in the Honeycomb technique, see Laaflet 917. The centars are marked CI and C2. One pattern repeat, $\delta$ in.

In weaving, adjust number repeats for each block, to round out figures. BALANCED HLORAL PATTHRN D A Selv.



WARP PLANT: Warp: 20/2 or 24/3
Warp: $20 / 2$ or $24 / 3$
Pattern Weft: Cro. Cot.


Tabby Weft: Same as Warp

Total No. thds: 568.

THREADING PLAIT:
Selvage: (4) 6x. . . . . . 24
Pat: 1-3(242) $2 x-484$
Last time, AmD
Left Sel: (4) 4 ( $6 \times . . . . .2436$
Total 568
WEAVING PLAN:
Border: Cont. Ist Mot,
$\left|\begin{array}{ccc}2-3 & \text { once } \\ 3-4 & 11 \\ 4-1 & 11 \\ 1-2 & 11\end{array}\right| \begin{array}{ccc}1-2 & 2 x \\ 4-1 & 6 x \\ 1-2 & 6 x \\ 2-3 & \text { once } \\ \text { Rep. } & 6 x & 3-4 \\ \text { Reverse to* } \\ \text { 1st Motif } \\ \text { Reverse } & \text { 2nd Motif }\end{array}$



## 

 Crentive Crafts SchoolThe Summer-and Winter technique is excellent for coverlets, for the weft threads are held firmly down by every fourth thread of warp. This makes it possible to use the better threads for weft, such as raytone, ailk, boucle's atc. without danger of their wearing out, catching or rubbing. Summemand-Finter patterns are built ppon square symnetrical ilnes, and these are appropriate for modern decoration; while the naturo of any hand-woven spread makes it suitable for colonial interiors as well. Wo with our Sumermand-Finter coverlet, re find a medium to suit almost any home.


In Long Draft, at A1, we see first cross of short draft on Ror 1 , at a above, developod into 1,3,2,3, once, (1x). Next cross on Row 2, becomes: 1, 4, 2,4, 1x. Noxt cross on Row 1 becomes; 1,3,2,3, 1x. Next cross on Row 2 becomes: 1, 3, 2, 3, 1x. Next series of crosges on Row 1, ( 21 crosses) becomes: 1,3,2,3, 2lx. etc.

THRMADING PLAN: The above drafts refer to one complete repeat of pattern. Thread as follows for panel of goverlet $42^{\prime \prime}$ wide: (Start at $D$ for border)

| TARP PLAN: Farp, $20 / 2$ or $24 / 3$ Tabby, Same. | Pattern: A' all through to C ; 112 groups, 448 -thde. repeat twice - - 896 |
| :---: | :---: |
| HTHFI: Fabri Yarn(Bernat's) or Raytone, or Porle 5 . | Last Time: A'to Donly, 70 groups, 28 thds.- $\frac{280}{1344}$ |
| Thes, per in: 32 | FOR 32' PANBHS: (3 panels, total wiath, 88 ") |
| Ticth in Reed: 42" | Center Penel: L-C.2x---896 For two side ponels, |
| Total No. Thds: 1344. | Add A-Bu- 116 simply take out the |
| prating plins: | Total- - 1012116 thds. of L-B. |

The taboy of Surner and Vintor is rimays: 1\&2, and 384. Alternate these shots. For the pattere use thread heavier than warp; for tabby, thread a bit finer.

The SHORT DRUYT becomes ones guide for weaving. Fach cross in draft is woven: as follow


The entire wearing of the pattern is composed of either Block (a) or Block(b). Let us weave through the pattern from $A$ to $B$, This will explain the principle. $A$ to $B$ has 29 crosses in Short Dreft above. It starte at 4 with a single cross on 1. Proceed: Single $x$ on Row 1,.. weave block (a) once. Single $x$ on Row 2,- weave block(b) once. Single $x$ on $1, \ldots$ reave (a) once. Single $x$ on $2, \ldots$ weave(b)once. Next we have 21 $x^{\prime}$ s on Row $1, \cdots$ sa we weave block $(a) 21$ times. Then single $x$ on 2.- weave(b)once. Single $x$ on 1, weave (a)once. Single $x$ on 2;-weave(b)once. Single $x$ on $1,-$ weave (a) once. From $B_{\text {; }}$ etc. We have $8 x^{\prime}$ s on Row 2, - meave(b) 8 tines, etc. Contime thus.

# HEPRINGBONE CRACKLI FOT KIJGS, FUNNHRS, SPRMODS <br> Used 11 so for Diamond Figures <br> by Hel en Iouise dilen 

This Crackle Weave is so constructed as to form a herringbone pattern of large menecting blocks when woven as a repeat. (see development of draft below) or a closed tiauond when woven as a reverse, (see sketch at lower I cit, motif Y).

The Crackie Teave is composed of four blocks or draft units: 1,2,1,4; 3,4,1,4; $3,2,3,4 ; 3,2,1,2$. Fach of these is composed of two adjacent harness pairs, such as the 1,2 and 1,4 in the $1,2,1,4$ blook; the 3,4 and 1,4 in the $3,4,1,4$ block; the 3,2 and 3,4 in the $3,2,3,4$ block, and the 3,2 and 1,2 in the $3,2,1,2$ block.

In each block, one harness is used twice, such as harness 1 , twice in the $1,2,1,4$ block; harriess 4 in the $3,4,1,4$ block; harness 3 in the $3,2,3,4$ block; harness 2 in the 3,2,1,2 block.

In the weaving of each block, the harness which is not depressed acts as a tie, and this occurs at every fourth thread, making a firmly bound fabric resembling Sumer \& Winter in texture. Forinstance, in the $1,2,1,4$ block, if the $4-1$ is woven, harness 2 acts as a tie; if the $2-1$ is woven, h. 4 acts as a tie. Likewise in the $3,4,1,4$ block, if $3-4$ is woven, h. 1 is the tie; if $4-1$ is woven, h. 3 is the tie,- etc. in ench block.

The design is governed by the space covered by any one repeated block, and the movement of the blocks used before and after it.

The blocks are used in the following succession in draft relow:
(1) 1,2,1,4: see a; weave as 4-1
(3) $3,2,3,4$ : swe $c$; weave as $2-3$
(2) $3,4,1,4:$ " b ; " " $3-4$
(4) $3,2,1,2:$ " d ; " 1 1-2


THREADING PLAN FOR RUGS: ( $8 / 4$ at 12

|  | Rug 18" wide. | $25^{n}-34^{\prime \prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Selvage | -----4 | $--4--4$ |
| A-B,100 | thds. (2x)200 | ( $3 \times 1$ 300 ( 4 x ) 400 |
| Add B-C | - - - 7 | --7-7 |
| Selvage |  | 4 |
|  | Total - -215 | $315 \cdots 415$ |

THREADING PLAN FOR RUNNERS: ( $20 / 3$ or Perugian at 24)


For pattern weft of rinners, use crochet cotton, or Perle 5, or Frostone.

THO-COLOR RUG, RUNRIERR,
PIILOV OR SPRTID:
WEAVING PLANS:



In planning rugs for simple repeating patterns like the Dog Tracks, degign a Fide border to add Interest and charm to the whole effect. In diagram at lower right you Will notice that the border is about $1 / 4$ of the rug width. This border when woven forms large tables at the four corners, and makes a very satisfying rug. In designing. objects with berders, either let the border be subdued with emphasis on the pattern, or give the chief interest to the border, and let the pattern take second place.

BORIIR IRUTL for DOO Thictes Par THITRT.

DOG TRAGES DRATI TOR RNG COMIIRA.


Total Threads in one center repeat, 56.
TIRP PLAN, Ing $30^{\circ}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{m}$ WIde.

Threads per in: 15
Fidth in Reed: $30 \frac{1}{2}{ }^{m}$
Total Threads: . . . . 458
Noter Tor wider ragradd 56
thes. for extra pat. ropeat. TERTMDING FLAN:

Border, 43. . . .... 103
(Be sure to repeat main part of border
between arrows,
8 this. 7 times, or 56)
Pattern, C-D. 56 thds.
Repeat 4 times- - - 224
Iast or 5th time to *oniyn-2g
Border, L-B, left side - 103 Total- - 456

TARP PLIN TOR A MMT, $15^{\prime \prime} \times 18^{\prime \prime}$.
Threads per in: 30
Width in Reed: $15^{\prime \prime}$
Total Threads: - -458
Noter For nat doily size, appr. $12^{\prime \prime} \times 18^{\prime \prime}$, take out 56 thds. or one repeat of pattern Cm .

HUG MUTHRILLS: ( ldd postage to all prices)

đurable material. at approximately \$. 72 per 3 . plus

855
 ors, \$. 30 por sketn. 24 fast eelorg, harpet Tarp is available in matohing celors at $\$, 60$ par tubpe
 a splandid now rug miterial, 60\%nool, in 5 pozo alcoins. Price per 1b.. \$1.20. Broken 1hs. \$1. 4h. Invely Tue col org. Aiso cospet wary in may colere at $\$ 75$ per ib.
sict or
EDUNSIR


This rug was planned for the onnserrit: on of white rags, such as miche be main. from sheeting, towels, zindewears etc, lise a dark colurid waw.









Genter Pattern, B $-C$, 115 thds.

WARP PJAN:Tarp, $8 / 4$ Colored
Weft: White rags. Thds. per in. 12 Width: 28" wreave down to $26^{\prime \prime}$.
Total Thds. in Warp:333
THREADING PLAN: Solvagem - - 4
Border, A $\mathrm{B}, 12$,Rep. $4 \mathrm{x}-\mathrm{-} 48$ Pattern, Boc, - - - - - 115 Reverse of pattern, leaving out center thd, C -118 Border backwards- -4x- 48 Selvage, $4,3,2,1,-\frac{-4}{1-333}$

A rosemand-star rug with attroctivo twill border makes a pleasing pattern either with dark warp and light weft, or light warp and dark weft. Tabby is 8/4 carpet warp.

Read pattern straigint through to $C$, then reverse, but thread the 1 in cirm cle once only.

| WEAVING PL Tabby Pattern | Use a row of each row of |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Border: | c-motif, |  |
| 1-2 $2 x$ | (1ike a) |  |
| $2-32 x$ $3-42 x$ | 1-2 3 x |  |
| 3-4 ${ }^{3}$ | $2-33 \mathrm{x}$ $3-43 x$ | 价\\|\|\| |
| Rep. 4 times | $4-12 x$ |  |
| Tattern: | 3-4 1x |  |
| a: 1-2 3x | 3-4 1x |  |
| 2-3 3x | $4 \times 1.2 x$ |  |
| 3-4 3x | 3-4 3x | $\underline{\underline{1}}$ |
| $\int_{4-12 x}$ | $2-33 x$ $1-23 x$ |  |
| 3-4 1x | 1-2 3x |  |
| 3-4 1x |  |  |
| $4-12 x$ $3-43 x$ | d-motif, center 2-3 once |  |
| $2-33 x$ | $1-2$ once |  |
| $\frac{1-23 x}{\text { Pattern }}$ | 2-3 once |  |
| Pattern <br> b motif: |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4-1 \quad 3 x \\ & 3-42 x \end{aligned}$ | Teave border, |  |
| $4-11 x$ | then $*, b, c, d$, | I11 |
| ${ }_{3}^{3-411}$ | c, $b,{ }^{*}$; then thor |  |
| ${ }^{4-1} 12 x$ | der backrard, |  |
| $4-13 x$ | rep.bet * ad. | Creative Crafts School of Weeving, Guernsey, Pennsyl |


B. QUEEN'S GELIGHT pattern for a nillow. This draft lends itself very weic to square or oblong designs such as pillows and rugs.
For a very good-looking rug, see the Shuttlecraft Book, P.126. The draft itself is given on P. 174, No. 61. For this pillow, thread as follows:


C. Bage with Mounted Tops. This bag is styled so as to take away that trite home-made look. The tops are made of cardboard covered with woven cloth. For each top, take two boards, $2^{\prime \prime x}$ " , cover each with fabric, as at $D$, draw together on wrong side, whip edges together, E. Slip bag proper in between two halves of tops on their lower sides. Then stitch together from side to side

One should sooner or later weave a gift for one's home, such as a wall hanging or an outstanding, rug, or both to match. The choice of the former depends upon one's type of decoration. For a Colonial home a wall penel, woven-asmdrawn-in, using any of the larger overshot patterns would be appropriate, such nicely balanced ones as Whig Rose, Wheel of Fortune, Lover's Knot, Double Snow-ball, Three Flowers, States and Stars, Pine Tree and Washington's Beauty, - all found in the Shuttlecraft Book of American Handweaving. Patterns developed in the Summer and Winter Technique provide delightful background effects for this purpose

For a home of modern decoration, one might design a tapestry with design in keeping, and enjoy a bit of research work into the beautiful tapestries of the past. A project of this kind, woven in Tapestry Technique, would make a pleasant pastime for winter evenings. One method used in the weaving of tapestries will be riven in an early issue. If one does not have the time for this more detailed type of weaving, the Crackle weave offers many charming designs with modern feeling. These patterns are found in r . s . Atwater ${ }^{\prime} 3$ Recipe Book, available here.

Some of us doubtless have already on hand good-looking squares of weaving just waiting for a bit of attention to become spots of loveliness in the home. Such a wall hanging often forms the keymote of color for the entire rom. Three methods of mounting are given below.

METHOD I. Nake a wide hem at top of material and run an enameled dowel or regular tapestry rod thruicg Attach a silk cord at both sides; as at $A$, and hang from a point at center above panel, B. Attach: tassels at each side,C.

VETHOD 2. Regular drapery rines of metal or wood may be attached at top of hem, in which case the hem is narrower, as at 2. The silk cords may to directly upward from any point along rod, as at $D$; and tassels, E, may be used from hanging hooks to conceal any attachments.

 the most suitable method seems to me to make tristed cords uaing the seme thread aith mhich it was woven. wake the cords as shown at F. Attach two strande, nossibly two colors, in a knot, $F$; twiet until tight. Reverse, joining ends at $G$, and twist in opposite direction. Jake loops out of these cords to take the place of the netal ones. Attach trem at the back of hem, as at H .

FRINGES, TASSBLS, ETC. For a simple fringe, as at $1, I$, overcast edge in a stitch like that given in Leaflet No. 14CO, April.1939. A regular knotted fringe is shown at?,J; and tassels 1111


K
at corners are shown at $3, \mathrm{~K}$.

A warp sot $13^{\prime \prime}$ wido，woaving down to $12^{1:}$ ，makes tho rogulation doily sizo， $12^{11} x 8^{4}$ ， also dainty guest towois le＂wo＂。＂his wicta too is just right for runcrs for dinins roon triblo or boufrot，and is adaptablo to chairmback sots or living room tedio matso Bor a border porrittiag of may lovoly variations wo usc again tho＂old forld Pattorn＂， tho tyo of pattom used in tho broad tomel borders of Europo．A Horringbono throading is also most usofuis thronciod $1,2,3,4,1,2,3,2,3,2,1,4,3,2$ and repeat．

Fino toxturo：Vary $20 / 2$ or $24 / 3$ cotton at 30 or 32 por inch．
Coarscr toxturc：Varp 14／2 or $16 / 3$ cotton at 24 per inch．
＂01d Forld＂Pettern


| Tovill J．，Thread to old Forld pattesil，Woares hem，cnoveqin | WEATTNG |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | OTi Tr20e0 |
|  | Pateeme |
| b－I rov tabby heavy textured |  |
|  | 1002 |
| d－narrow border，see A plan： | $2-3$ |
| c．1／4＇background；f，center， | $3-4$ |
| one row heavy textured thread． | 2－3 |
|  | 1－2 |
| TOWFW 2．Thread to Herringbone． | $2 .-3$ |
| Weave：enough tabby for hem； | 3－4 |
| $a \sim 3^{N}$ solid paiterngplan E； |  |
| b－1／2＂plain beckground tabby． | 7－2 $3 x$ 个 |
| om one ryw heavy thread，etc． | 2－3 1x |
| TO．$\rightarrow$ 3． | 2－4 1x |
| Tinread to Old World | 4 I 1x |
| patt．．．Fenve：Enough tabyy | 1－2 3x |
| for hem；a－ 2 I／2＇${ }^{\prime \prime}$ tabby．b－ | $2-31 x$ |
| one row heavy textured thd．er | ＋1x |
| 2 rows fine tabby colored；c－ | 411 1x |
| $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ tabty；dmold Torld Pzon 0. | 1－2 3x 介 |
|  | 3－4 3x |
| TOWEL 4．Uso either threading． | 4－7 3＝ |
| Male striped bordor 3＇vide． | 1－2．3x |
| Werve：Bnough for hem；weave | 2－3 3x |
| with 3 culors，$-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ ，ligint； | 3－4 4x \＆З |
| I／${ }^{\prime \prime}$ cante $3 / 4{ }^{\prime \prime}$ medium； 2 rows | 2－3 3x |
| dark；I inch medium，centor． | 7－2 3x |
|  | $40.73=$ |
| Tovec 5．Thrend to Old Forld | 3－1：3x |
| Potteim，Weaves Enoush for hem； | $1-\mathrm{P}=\square$ |
| a 3＂tabby a darker color than | $4+1 \times$ |
| main part of towel；b－lbborder | 3－4 1x， |
| Pirn A；c－I／2＇blegr．color； | 2－31x |
| d－heavy textured line． | 1－2 3x |
|  |  |
| HEOZTGGONE PLAN E：1－2，2－3， | 3－4 1x |
| $3-4,4 .-1,1-2,2-3,3-4,4-1$, | 2－31\％ |
| $3-4,2-3,1-2,4-1,3-4,2-3$, | 1－2 3x |
| Ropeat． | 4.01 |
| PLAN F：（ $\mathrm{Zig}_{\mathrm{g}} \mathrm{Z} \mathrm{A}_{6}$ only） | 3－4 |
| 1－2，2－3．3－4，4－1． | $2-3$ |
| Repeat as desirod． | 1－2 |
|  | 2－3 |
|  | 3－4（A．Inarrow） |
|  | 2－3 B，medjum |
|  | $1-2(\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{Ti} \text { de．})^{*}$ |


 Herringtonc．＇Tenve：1／2＂ tobby for pin hem；anem： border with prtter：tha． a bit heavier then tribby． of hem．Center，tobby． Tot－1 leneth 201 shrinks


LUNCRHON STET，．7．Either threming．Insert heavy thas．cro－cot．，all acros rinrp，start $1 / \mathrm{c}$ from edge． linko squares 2 ＂apart．


Runner．


Chair Eack ：＇iet．

Because of the many variations possible in the grouping of warp threads in the threading of a loom, the medium of weaving lends itself readily to the designing of borders, so effective to add touches of charm and color to our curtains, towels, table linens, runners, purses and even rugs.

## DESIGNING THE BORDER

It is possible to plan borders in both the warp and the weft of a handwoven textile; but this leaflet deals whith the horizontal border only, or that made by the meft.

The design and proportions of the weft border is worthy careful consideration. Very often the border provides the ane spot of color that links an article to its surroundings, the towel to the bathroom, the curtain to the coverlet, the runner to the room plan.

One should design a border with some forethought. Do it on paper to save waste of thread, and check paper is good since it will give an outlay of even spacings. On this one can plan either symetrical or unsymetrical borders. Begin by balancing light and dark spaces asainst each other. ado facent spaces should always be of different widths to keep the eye interested. When your spaces look right, after coloring or shading, the next problem is to plan to fill the spaces with pleasing combinations of the pattern rows.

## PLANNING THE PATTERN COMBINATIONS.

Before starting to weave your piece at all, try out the fourteen pattiern combinations possible on any 4 harness
feom. Make a little sampler of these. They are as follows : 1-2; 2-3; $3-4 ; 4$ 1; 1-3; 2-4; 1 alone; 2 alone; 3 alone; 4 alone; 1-2-3 together; $2-3-4 ; 3-4-1$; and 4-l-2. On some threadings the last eight combinations will nake too large an overshot, but it is surprising how one can get variety in one's meaving by introducing some of these less used conbinations. Try then in different successions. Study carefully the pictures or spacings they make. Then you can truly know their possibilities. One of the nost valuable features of weaving is that everyone can weave sonething quite different from everyone else.

## PLANNING THE COLOR SCHEME

The next step is to lay out your colors and see how you can blend or contrast them. The best borders are those made by the indiridual weaver, according to his or her proforcnco. Very bright colors should be used in small amounts. Colors fairly close in value look surprisingly well, as well as shades of the same color. The background color too is highIy important. Use dark or pastel backgrounds as well as the usunl white.


BORDER HNTS.Use single or double rows of tabby to outline borders.

Tiny strips of color can separate wider bands. Pick up rows of heavy weft on a knitting needro.


A nice $\mathbb{H}$ aster gift is a book-jacket with strap and marker attached, woven in a pattern that has motif and border especially planned for the cover space. Such circular oatterns as Chariot Wheel, (908); Orange Peel, (909); Wheel of Fortune, (919); Whig Rose, (903): Pond Lily, (906); Star of Bethlehem, (910) or the Double Bowknot, (916) would all be Good. Put one large wheel at the center of both front and back, or plan four smaller wheels as n group. Set the loom for a width of two or four motifs, or even eight, and add border enough at both sides for turning under laps to hold cordboard covers of book

All-over repeated patterns are also good, and the new Remembrance pattern would work out beautifully for this use. Simply thread in repeats all across warp.

The donar of the pattern writes: "I thought you might be interested in the use I made of the Sun, Moon and Stars pattern, Leaflet 928, that came out in Octa. 1941. I made book-covers for several friends, and they came out so nicely that I thought someone else might like the idea. The weft was very inexpensive; I found a sale of rayon and bought 5 -cent skeins of a bright fuzzy red. It took 1 skein only for each cover."

## HOW TO MAKE THE COVER

The entire cover, ready to fold around book, measures appr. $9 \frac{1}{2}$ "xl $5^{\text {It }}$. The woven piece for making it should be appr.101" ${ }^{\prime \prime} \times 19^{\prime \prime}$. Sec diagrams below for these dimensions:

A(2) to turn back for lics, $\mathrm{L}^{\prime \prime} \times 10^{\frac{1}{2}}$ ".
$B(2)$ back and front $ن i^{\prime 2}$, $7^{11 x} \times 10^{\frac{1}{2} 1}$.
$C(1)$ center to go around back, I"xIO $\frac{1}{2}$ ". $D(2)$ sides to turn under, $1 / 2$ "wide. SECTION for Bookmark; E. Weave this so as to measure when finished $I^{\prime \prime} \times 7$ ". This need not be hermed, may be fringed. SECTION for Handle, F. Wenve this about $2 \frac{1}{2}$ " vide, l2"long. Fold lengthwise, stitch and press to make handie $1^{\prime \prime}$ wide by 12 " longi when looped, $6^{\prime \prime}$ long.
MATRIAL: For warp, use $20 / 2$ or $24 / 3$ at 30 or 32 per in. For pattern, raytone or perle.

IINING: Cut bright lining samo size as woven material, for colorful inside surface. Stitch around all sides of gonds, on its wrons side. Stitch bookmark right in between goods and lining, as at $G$.

Leave one end open, turn like pillo and sew up lest side. Baste edges and also press flat. Thurn ends, H, back ahout 2 or $2 \frac{1}{2}$ ". Press down, whip to sides of cove as at J. Attarh loop, K, and handle, I. Icol may be made of heavy thread covered with button-holing.

To varry book, slip loop $K$ over the handle, I. Bookmark slips down between the paces.

For the Sun Moon and Stars Pattern, add 4 more bordors, 2 at ench side, making total of 263 plus 48 thds, or 611. Weave to bring centers of wheels at cover conte


A very acceptable project is to weave altar frontals for one's home church, or poncls in the desired form to cover the front of pulpit, bible stend or commior toblc Thatever your religion, it has symbolic emblens that can be moven effectively by widin Weaving in gold or silver thread against a pure white beckground or the color ol your choice. In a class conducted at the University of Michigen by Croative Crafis, the students of the Religious Association designed and wove fite cloths for their chap-ol,- white and gold, red and gold, purple and gold, green and gold and creon and Thite. This was their Eastor gift to the chapel. They earned the cost of the thread.


## SIZE AND DESIGN:

The ponels are rectangular in shape, and any desired size. No.l shows a cloth with a main beckround woven as tabby, borders of gold woven as twill, and a gold cross in Dukaçang at the center. No. 2 shows a cloth with background woven as twill in any chosen color, with borders in the tabby weave, and crosses woven upon them in Dukngang or Italion Laid-in. For Dukagang, see Leaflet 750; for Italian Laid-in, 756. In both of thesc pencls, the thrending was 4,3,2,1 and repeat. The plan for the panels should be simple and chaste, with good quality thread, pure contrasting colors.

TARP FLAN:
Warp: Perle 10, notural or white set at 24 per in. for medium texture. Linen $18 / 2$ set a.t 15 or 16 per in. for heavy texture.
Weft: For tabby on the Perle 10, weave with Perle 5. Use pattern weft for the laid-in desion of perle 5 doubled or porlc 3 single. (Lily's in colors) On the $18 / 2$ warp, use tabby of 18/2 linen. Hughes Fawcett has a beautiful purple and gold, as well as white and dark green in this quality.

HOW TO WEAVE: Cat the sizo of the cross or other emblen out of smoth paper. Ind on warp at desired epot, mark starting point with pin. Weave Dukeen as follows: Step 1: Depress Tr. 4 only. This leares. groups of 3 thds. up. Mare shed truc. Weave f under eroups of 3 for lst row. Step 2: Follow with tabby le3. Step 3: Depress Tr. 4. meave second pattern row as shown, Am-S. Step 4: Foilow with tabby 284. Ropent 3teps $1,2,3,4$ for all of section $1-B$, Then make pattern shed, and add distanco C.D, etc. Crentive Crafts School

A double surface rug is made somewhat like a double weave, except that two fabrics are bound together by continuous warp threads at every point. Two separate weft colors are used, and when one shows on the upper surface, the other shows on the lower one. There are two separate rollers, half of the warp threads on each.

Of the two rollers, the regular loom roller or beam is called the "stuffer" roller, with threads coming forward in pairs to go between the upper and lower rug surfaces. The added roller or beam, which the weaver can attach on braces at the upppr part of the back of the loom, is called the "stitcher" roller, with its threads coming forward singly to form the warps for the upper and lower surfaces. Both rollers must have separate tensions; the stitcher roller may be weighted with a bag of sand or a heavy bar of iron. Warp in the usual way, 8 threads per inch on each roller; then combine the threadings as show in the draft. The rugs made in this way are thick and firm; moreover they last longer than others, and since they are heavy and firm, sell well. One is justified in charging more for them than for other kinds, since they are double.

THREADING DRAFT: The mark (:) represents double threads from regular lower roller, the "STUFFER". Ilark (x), threads fron extra upper roller, the "STITCHER" roller.

Repeat centor, D-E,E 64 times. (128 stitchers; 128 stuffers in all).
 WARP PLAN:
Thas. per in.: 16, 8 on each roller.
PROCESS OF THREADING: Width: $28 \frac{1}{2}$ inches.
Total No. Thds: 456
Total Stitcher Threads: 228
" Stuffer " : 228
GUIDE FOR HEDDIE COUNT AND DISTRIBUTION:
Border: 50 stitichers on Hs. I \& 2- - 50 50 stuffers on Hs. $3 \& 4--50$

Center: 128 stitchers on Hs. 1 \& 2-128 128 stuffers on H .4 - - - 128

Border: 50 stitchers on Hs. 1 \& 2- - 50 50 stuffers on Hs. $3 \& 4-\quad-50$
Total- - . . . . . . . . . . - - - 7456
HREAD AS FOLLOMS:
Rt. Border, $A-B$ ( 34 stitchers;
34 stuffers; - - - 68
B-C - . . . . . . . . - 16
C-D. . . - - - - - $-\frac{-16}{\text { Total Border- } 100}$
Center,
(120 each stituchers \& stuffors)
repeat D-E, (4) 64 times- - - - 256
Lft. Border, C-D. . . . . . . . . - 16
B-C- - . . . . . . - 16
A-B- . - . - - - - - 68
Total Border $\overline{100}$
Total, 2 borders and center- - - 456
Creative Crafts, Guernsey, Pa. Complcte Rug. Weave (a Guernsey, Pa. Complcte Rug. Weave (a

First thread all the way across with threads from stitcher roller, threading Hs.l, then 2; and in between each pair skip a heddle on H.3, and one on H.4., as shown at arrows 1 and 2.

Lift stitcher threads up out of the way with a bar, then thread stuffer threads, as shown above, (:) double threads on Hs. 3 and 4 , leaving the unused heddle on either of these harnesses as designated, empty.

Sections with (:) on H. 3 will show below, on lower surface of rug; sections on H.4, will show on upper surface. By changing your threading in various ways between these two harnesses, you may also change your design. You may also change the proportions of any one section by using more or less of H .3 or H .4 ; but each section of design can only carry EITHER H. 3 or 4 , not both.

WEAVING PLAN: Use two colors of Rug Yarn. A, Border: Treadle Hs.1, 3, 4, - weave dark color from right to left.

Tr . $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{I}$. Light from right to left. Tr . Hs.2,3, 4. Dark, left to right. Tr. H.2, Light from left to right. Repeat border as wide as A-B of warp.
B.Center: Tr.Hs.1,3. Dark, rt. to left. Tr. Hs.4-1. Light, rt. to left. Tr. Hs.2-3, Dark, Ift. to right. Tr. Hs.2-4. Light, lft. to right.

BLANKTTS AUT GOYRLIETS

Here is a plan for a set of Luncheon mats woven with Raffia over doublo stmands of carpet warp. Nut just ordinary rafia goas to their making, but raffia dyed in all the gorgeex colcris of the sumor flowers. At this time of year, Nature gives us a thousanc cues for cotor harmonies, and we may work out our own symphonies. Why not spend a few hours in the garden, jotting cown some notes. then find these colors in dyed raffia, and bring whem to your loom? Raffie luncheon sets last for years. To clean then, simply-brush with soap suäs and warn water. Let dry away fron the sun.

## WARP PLAM

The warp for the raffia mats may be set up on a floon loom, or on a Lezur Loom Kind of Warp: Carpet warp, used double. Kind of meit: Raffis, natural or colored. Wiath of Doilies: 13".
Thds. per in.: 16, 2 per dent, skipping every other dent in a lb-dent reed.
 Total No. of Thas: 204.
Threading: Jse the twill pattern shown at 1 .

## WEAVING

Lay the separate raffia strands in through warp with the fingers, piecing the ends as shown at B. Use a taby weave, harness 1 and 3 and 2 and 4 ; or use a diagonel twill weave as follows: 1 and 2; 2 and 3; 3 and $4 ; 4$ anc 1 . Keep on repeating.

## MEMHOD OF HANDLING RAFFIA

Natural raffia shoule be soaked and left in a damp towel while using. Pull out one strond at a time. Colored raffie comes in lovely long lenths and does not require soaking. You nay use the strands in full width for heavy texture, or split in half for fine texture.

## DESIGNS

Weave colored stripes in bancis of inches at the ends of ach nat. Make centors of the natural raffia ar a lending shado. Below are good proportions. Use three shaues.
End borcer
1 inch carkest color $\frac{1}{3}$ inch, midile cclor $\frac{1}{4}$ inch lightest color

Center of rat, one of tha colors, or natural.

Note: Raffa in the followinemez colors may be purchased at Cromaine Crafts at 4.54 por 11b. hanif. Green, turquoise, gold, orange, brom, red, (natural, $40 \$$ per 1b.)

LEZUR LOOM SET-UP
Extenc loom to full length, which will veave 62". wrap warp with curpet warp used double, i.e. to thrcans in every dent. Use full wieth, 15 inches which will wervo down to 13". Thread as at tho One complete round of 62 inches will weave three mats $16{ }^{\prime \prime}$ long, with a 2 " fringe left at the encs off each mat.

Raffia mats, pillows and bags are always popular for summer, probably because of their bricht colors, interesting texture, cool appearance and the ease with which they can be kept clean, ffor instead of washins, them in a tub, one simply brushes them off with soap and water. They are economical to weave, costinc only .01 per inch alone a mat $12^{\prime \prime}$ wide. The warp may be set up in attractive stripes of carpet warp, and many sturning effects are possible by usint the lovely tones of waxed rafiia available tociay. The raffia is woven damp and packed ticht with the beater. If usinc. a 4 -harness loon, thread as a twill, $4,3,2,1$, or in a herrincbone: $4,3,2,1$, $4,3,2,1,2,3,4,1,2,3$, and repeat. Weave either plain tabby or follow the twill effect. These same threadincs are possible on the smaller table looms. For the


DIRECTIONS FOR SETTTNG UP LOOM
Pattern: Tabby, Twill, Herringbone, Rose-path or Raindrops.
Thds. per in: 12 in a 12 dent reed. Width in reed: $12 \frac{1}{2}$ inches.
Total No. Thds: 152
Warp: Carpet warp or crochet cotton.
Weft: Raîfia or Thrirt-Knit cotton. This is a time of candlewick.
TABLE MATS
Weave these $15^{\prime \prime}$ to $18^{\prime \prime}$ Iong, as shown in the sample at right marked $A$. To finish, knot the fringe at both ends, then press under a damp cloth. The colors of the striped warp show up effedtively when knotted in the frince. One may weave colored borders at ends usine some of the colors in the warp threacis, as show at B. Use paper nankins with a raffia set like this.

CAR PILLOWS OR PORGH SEATS
Heave two similar mats, 15 inches lonc and 12 inches wide. Knot the two pieces tocether, as show at $C$, taking two warp ends from lower mat and two from upper one for each knot. Sew edges together with overhand stitches, as at D. The inner pillow is made of unbleached muslin.

PINE NEEDIE PILLOWS
For these, weave each piece 8 inches lons only, making a pillow half as larce as the car pillows. Make an inner pillow; stuff with pine needles.

SHOPPING BAGS. BEACH BAGS
Weave two pieces the desired size. Knot their lower cdees only tocether, as at E . Knot the top edces sincly, as at F . Turn top edges over, insert stick as at $G$, and sew mat dowm over it, as at $H$. Overcast side edces tocether, as at I. Braid raffia handle, J, knot ends and sew to bac.


CREATIVE CRAFTS Guernsey, Penn.



A-B, -Dar z Bonder, 10x- - -60 thds.
B-D, -162, Repeat 4x---486"
B-C, - ( Last time to Conly 102 ""
A-B, forder, 10x--- -60 "
1
Total - 708
Note: Set 4 per dent in 15-dent
Need; better than 2 per d.in 30.

## WERPING PLAN:

Choose three colors,- a dark color, x , a darker color or accent color, (.) to
 use at the center of each group of $x$-threads, and a light color, o. Thread these with the alternation shown.

Warp: Crochet Cotton, or $8 / 4$ Carpet Warp Weft: For coarse weft use Rugro or ThriftyKnit double; for the fine weft use the same material as warp.
Thds. per in. 60, 2 per dent in a 30 -dent. Width of Material: 11 2/3", weaves to 11". Total No. Thds. 706.

WEAVING PLAN: Use two wefts, one heavy, one light. Alternate thoso. Lst block:

Weave 1-4 using heavy weft. 2-3 " light weight weft. Repeat until colored square is desired size. Finish with 1-4, heavy.

2d block:
Weave 2-3 using heavy weft.
1-4 " light weight woft. Ropoat; finish with $2-3$ heave woft.

As you look at the above draft you will see that when harnesses 184 are brought down, as for example in scetion $X$, the group of dark threads on Harness 3 romain showing, sce Row 1 of sketch. In next scction, Y ; the light throads on Harness 2 remain showing, same row, left. Now if a heavy weft is passed thru this shed, there will be a dark section raised up at $X$ and a light section at $\Psi$ The next shot woaves 2-3, which will make light thds. come up at $X$ and dark at $Y$, but since we altornate with a light weight woft thread for this row, these warp threads will hardly show. The third row will be 1-4, hoavy wof't, warp threads prominent; the fourth row, 2-3, fine wert', warp thds. not showing. The result tion is a block predominantly dark for X and light for $Y$.

To change the color of blocks $X$ and
NaTURE OF THE WEAVE: In this weave the weft $Y$, with light thds. showing at $X$ and dark does not show; it simply serves to kring the warp up in ridges so that it will show. Tho pattorn is a "warp-face" woave. It is woven on two sheds only, 1-4, and 2-3.
at $Y$, one simply woaves an extra heavy shot on the 2-3, directly following a hecivy shot on the I-4. This throws the opposite thas. up, and the fine weft will come on the 1-4. Altornate blocks thus.

Today, texture is all-important in our homes. It is fitting background for simple modern furnishings and when planned for table wear and wrought with simple colorings, serves to accent the beauty of lovely pieces of china or pettery.

In fact, when one produces a beautiful texture, both color and pattern may be subdued. The weaver of today should experiment with different weights of threads and various treadle combinations. A good idea is to weave a sampler, using all the odds and ends of thread one has handy, and taking random shots at any effect that suggests itself. It is thus that new and lovely textures are often evolved.

VARIEGATED WARPS. Just an attractive warp stripe, $A_{\text {, }}$ crossed with a plain weft, is interesting for mats or doilies. Try using a heavier thread of the same color as the warp proper, where dotted line shows. In all these textures, the best effects come from warps spaced so as to make a fabric where warp and weft lines show in small texture squares.

VARIEGATED WEFTS. B. This is a texture with rows of heavy texture placed at intervals through the warp. Use a weft of two colors.

ADD COLORED THREADS OR HEAVY THXIURE THREADS to the warp, as at C. Each thread is added right over a regular warp thread, without removing the latter. Fasten the added thread to the apron at front of loom, carry it beside the regular marp thread, thru the reed, thru the same heddle as the regum lar thread and to back of loom. Here warp it once around beam, wind its end around a cop and let hang. The slight weight of the cop will hold the added thread at the tension of the warp. Add threads at intervals in this way. Borders at sides of pieces, made of these extra warp threads, are also good. They may be taken out at any time.

SHADES OF A COLOR OR SEVERAL THXIURES may be huilt up in a series as shown at $D$.

WIND SEVERAL WEFT THREADS TOGETHER. The effect at $E$ is simply produced by weaving tabby of a heary weft made up of two or more strands. Several bobbins of cotton may be wound together. Fren several colors wound together are very effective for texture-cloth. For method of winding, consult Leaflet No. 625.

VERY HEAVY WEFT THREADS, F contrast with a main background of a finer weft.

INTERWEAVE SMAIL DESIGNS OR SPOTS, G, on a plain tabby background. Lay the extra threads right in with the regular tabby sheds, and carry along as far as desired. Very subtle effects are possible using the same color as weft, but a heavier thread for this.


Lay IN NUBBY WEFTS aT FLaNNED INTERVALS, H,I,J. at K the overshot pattern is the same color as tabby but heavier.

## A National Conference Pattern

The Matta Weave has recently come to this country fron Furope. It is built upon the same principle as the Log Cabin Weave, which has been used a great deal in the southern mountains in the weaving of luncheon sets. The technique depdnds upon the use of two colors alternating with each other, with an occasional shift of each color to another shed. Forinstance, in the pattern below, the dark color starts out on the l-2 block, which puts the dark on both the 183 shed and the $2 \& 4$ shed. Then the light colos tokes over on the 384. Later we have the 182 block with the dark color on (1) and the light color on (2). Tho dork threads remain on either the (1) or (3), i.e. the led shec for some tine, then they shift to the (2) or the (4) or the other shed. At points where this shiftine occurs, a different color rises to the upper layer of warp threads when the shed is made. This couses changes in the pattern, as well as the colors of the movon blocks.

To make the changes of trarp colors more apparent, one weaves with a heavy yarn. The varps should be set close together, so as to forn a varp-surfoce texture, By using first a very heavy weft, and alternatinz this with a fine weft, one sct of warps will apponr predoninent, To towite the other set of werps, or the second series of color blocks in evidence, weave in an extro heevy row, which puts the fine weft on the rhed loat usod by the henvg weft, and the heary weft on the shed just usce by the finc.


THEEADING PLAN: Thread from $A$ to 3 . Sane plen is shown in shetch, fron selvage to selvase. Arrows in both drait and slretch show shift of colors from one shed to the other.

This warp has exactiy 240 threads, and it hes been so plamed thet 120 of these are ligint and 120 dark. It may therefor be threcded on a Mo. 240 Structo loom. Fut on one dark tube, one light, one dark, one light. Thread from ench according to $X_{i}$ Drals: O, Ticht. Lay dark thes. down whon using licht.oic.

WPATIEG PLAMT:
There are 4 possibilties for hamess combinations: $4 \& 1$ olternating with $2 \& 3$ Think out ways of combining, as desired Mat:To: vente a, use a honvy weft alternating with a fine weft. Wenve $1 \& 3,2 \varepsilon 4$, et,
b: 2\&3, coarse vert; 4\&I, fine. Repeat. Finish with $2 \& 3$ coorse.
c: 4*I, conse; 2\&3, fine, Iinish witi
d: like b.
(481, coarse.
c: like a.
Creative Crafts, Guernsey, Pa.

This little texture pattern proves of use n the making of draperies ow couch throws hen an all-over notilea effect 13 desired. yoven tith coarse materisls, it is a most. sfective and economical weave. The sample shows warp and weft of $8 / 4$ ply carpet warp, nd the effect of this matorial is surprisingly good. For a more striking effect, an s rarp uf wide stripes in deep rich colocs. Since the pattern is woven with one thread only and no tabby, the weit nay be all of one color, or may be varied with ase in any of the colors of the warp, thus achieving a plaid or perhaps a vertioll stripe with a border in pleid effect.

## MEP PLAN

Warp: 8/4 sarpet warp, or crochet cotton Weft: Use the same as warp Mreads per inch: 20. Since this material is woven quite solid, the setting must be closer than for rugs. A setting of 16 threads per inch w irr wise a rather loose texture. Chouse the close or loose texture according to need.
Midth for drsperies: For a wide heavy curtain, $42^{\prime \prime}$ wide. For a narrower curtain, $32^{\prime \prime}$ wide. The $22^{\prime \prime}$ width makes a side drape wide encugh for most purposes, but should ususlly be seamed to a second width to make a material $42^{\prime \prime}$ wide.
rotal No. Thas: Tultiply threads per inch by width.

IN ATTRACTIVE FINISH YHERE FRINGE IS DEGTRED
A splendid finish for runnors, pillows ir cottage curtains where fringe iu desired is given below. It looks especially weli ith the kussian stiteh. Use four the eads f varp for each stitch-group. Start at ight with carpot warp fur thread.


SLIPT
This sampie was woven on the warp set-ur given above, with $8 / 4$ carpet warp. It was woven accurding to the weaving plan giver herewith.



BLAMKETY DESIGNS IN TMILS THXIURES
Good textures and soft colors in simple stripe designs make beautiful blankets. These were sué= gested by blankets in the Metropolitan Miseum, IH.Y.C.

For Wool Warp: Use medium weight Homespun, Saxony, Zephyr, etc. at 15 or 16 per in.
For Substitute: Use soft merc. cotton warp, guch as Perle 5, $10 / 4$ or $12 / 4$ at 16 to 20 per inch. Weave with wool.
THREADING:
Thread as Twill, 4,3,2,1; or reverse Twill, 4,3,2, 1, 4, 3, 2, 1, 2, 3, 4, 1, 2, 3,-repeat; or as Rosepath,$4,3,2,1,4,1,2,3$, and repeat; or any Twill variation. WEAVE as Twill or its reverse, nocording to threading.

## DESIGNS:

No.1. Colors: Dark Brown, Rose, Pale Tan. Repeat stripes throughout blanket,or for border only. 1, 3" Dk.Br.Tabby. B,1/2" Tan, Twill. C, 3"Rose, Tabby. D, like B. (or make A and C Twill.)

No. 2. Colors: Mustard, Purple, Ecru or Pole Green Thread as Feverse Twill or Rosepath. Border 7 7 ". Mnin blanket, teru or green. Border: a, $\frac{1}{2}$ " pum ple, woven as Reverse Twill, (1-2,2-3, 3-4, 4-1, 1-2,4-1,3-4,2-3,1-2,4-1; Repeat. b, 3"!nastarde, Traby. c, 3" pale Purpie. d, Ecru or Green, length desired.
No.3. Colors: Gray, Turquoise, Rust, Ivory-crean. Mein Blonket, Gray. Bordor, $15^{\text {tI }}$ wide. A, $3^{\prime \prime}$ Turquoise. B, $1^{\prime \prime}$ Cream. C,2" Rust. D, $2 \frac{1}{2}$ " ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ urq. 2 rows Rustif, $2 \frac{1}{2} 11$ Turq.D.

No.4. Colors: Maroon, Crean, Apricot, Coral.Mnin bianket, Apricot.Border, $15^{\prime \prime}$. a, mein blanket, Apr. b, $2^{\prime \prime}$ Mar. $c, 3^{\prime \prime}$ Oor. a, $2 \frac{1}{2}{ }^{4}$ Apr. d, $1 \frac{1}{2}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ Car. e, $\frac{1}{2}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ Mar.
No. 5. Tro colors:Tan \& Brown; Crean \& Maroon, etc. Sheded portions and heavy lines, the darker color, liultiply these dimensions by 2.
No.6. Three Soft Tones. A, $\mathrm{g}^{\prime \prime}$ weave Trili, (hem)B, $2^{\prime \prime \prime}$ Tabby. C, 6" Rev.Twill.D, $32^{\prime \prime}$, Twill. E, $32^{\prime \prime}$ Rev. Twill. F,like B. G, 6"Twill.H, 8 " Rev.Trill.


Creative Crafts,Hartland,Mich.

abcb d efghjklmn STRIPED WARP: Carpet Warp at 15 or 16 per in.
a,I"white. b, I"black.c,I"gray. b, I"black. d,4"red. e, I"white. f, 1"gray, 2 black rows. g, II ${ }^{1 \prime}$ redichite row. h, I"black; \& white line, $j, 1$ "black \& white line. $k, 1 \frac{1}{2}{ }^{1}$ red. $1,1{ }^{n}$ white. $m_{0}$ I" black. n, $1 \frac{1}{2}$ "red. Repeat.

The Bronson Lace or "Cpot" Weave is composed of sections of lace or cpermork alm ternating with sections of tabby or plain weave. When woven with fire cotton or liren thread it makes beautiful arapes or lace mets; when threaded with fine wool, it rill produce equally lovely fabrics for sheer mool blouses; and when set with a heavy yern, it makes attractive baby blankets.

One should understand the nature of the weave to use it to the best ndvantage. If the sections of lace aiteriate, a syncopated design may be formed, as at No.l. If seations of $t_{a b b y}$ come beteen the lace motifs, we get spots of lace as at No. 2. Whan the two lace motifs alternate, with one of them twice the size of the other, we get an effect like checkerboard, as at No. 3. The lace may also be arranged to form a border as well as a cormer, as at No.4. There are two separate lace blocks. Either or both may be used.


DISIGNING FROM GUIDE DRAFT : PLAMNING A IACE THREADING.
To form TABBY (Marked a in drait) Repeat the a-motif of 6 thds. as far as desired.


TARP FIDNS FOR LACES
Fine Texture: Warp: Egyption Cotton, 24/3 set at 30 or 32 per inch. (or $20 / 2$ ) Weft: Umbrian, Perle 20,or Linen 20
Wool Dress Meterial: Warp: Frori set at 24 per in. Weft: The Same.
Baby Blankets: Zephyr at 16, per in; or Germantown at 10. Weft:The Same.

THRBADING PLAN: One repent of Mo. 1 hns 78
threads tot-J. Repent as desired.
Add selvage section, $A(6$ thds. ) at end. Follow Draft No. 1 renaing right to left: Stort with Section A, 6 thas. for tabby. (same as Kotif a in Guide, a'in sketch)
Then Section B, lst Ince square. (sce b,bl)
" " " $\quad$ ", 2nd lace ( 4 tira (soo $c$, $c^{\circ}$ )
$"$ Scc.C once; Sec. $B, 4$ times; Sec. $C$, once.

WEAVING EACH MOTIF:
A. To Weave Traby: Treadle 1 nlone; then 2,3,4 together. Repeat these 2 shots.
B. To Wenve lst Lace. Tr.1; then $2 \& 3$. Tr.1; " $2 \& 3$. Tr.1; " 2,3,4. Keep repoating these 6 shots.
C.To Weave $2 n d$ Lnce. Tr.1; then 284. Tr.1; " 28.4. Tr.1; " 2,3,4. Keep repeating these 6 shots.

## TEAVIITG DESIGN NO.1:

Weave the motifs developed above in following order: $\boldsymbol{i}$; $B$, once; $C, 4 x$; B,once; C,once; B, 4 x ; C, once; Repeat. as desired. Add Tabby $\boldsymbol{A}$ at end.


No. 1


No. 2


No. 3
Guernsey, Pa.


No. 4

The Finnish Drapery Technique makes an excellent openwork textured material for use in making sun curtains or softly falling drapes. For fine effects for the tarrier, use a warp of fine perle 10 on linen $40 / 2$ set in a 16 cent reed; and for haig drapery effects use coarse $16 / 2$ or $18 / 2$ linen, crochet cotton or silk moils (Fawcett's new yarn) set in an Solent reed. Very lovely variations are possible in the weaving of tabby between openwork bands of different widths, and one mar add still. more interest by planning a warp of shades of a color. In attached sample warp was planned with six threads natural crochet cotton, and six threads ecru, alternating.

A: Skip a dent of reed.
B. Put three threads through a dent.


COARSE MESH DRAPES:

## WARP PLAN: <br> Warp: <br> Lily's Crochet Cotton or Farceti's Linen 18/2 or Bernatis Perle 5 <br> Weft: The same. <br> Size Rood: 8-dent. <br> This. per in. 12 <br> Width: is desired.

mhbmanning blunt:
Three $\bar{\alpha}$ in succession, $4,3,4,1,2,1$ and repeat.
Slog as follows: $4,3,4$ through first dent, next dent empty; $1,2,1$, through next dent, next dent empty; repeat thus.

## WEAVING PLAN:

For Openwork Sections:
4 mi once
$\begin{array}{ll}3-4 & 11 \\ 4-1 & 11\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}1-2 & \text { " } \\ 2-3 & \text { " } \\ 1-2 & 11\end{array}$
Weave sections of openwork alternoting with sections of tabby:
$4-1$, and $2-3$.

FINE MESH DRAPES:

## Thar Plant:

Warp: Bernat's Perugian Filler or Insists Porto io or Favceit's 40/2 linen.
Weft: The same 。
Size Reed: I6edent. This. per inch: 24 Width: As desired.

THREADING PJNN: Same as for coarse material.

WHATING PLANT: Same as for coarse material.
lIst color openwork


With the very aimplest of weavine methods one may produce perfectly delichtrul and unique effects. The foundation of the openwork designs shown here is simply tabby"weave; hence they may be woven on either a two-harness or four-harness loom. The warp should be of soft heavy cotton, such as nerle 3 , set at, 8 to 10 threads per inch; or boucle' wool at the same; or even carpet varp or orochet cotton used doulle at 8 threads per inch. lith a wide apart settine the threads fall in soft folds. The varying effects are obtained by using voven parts betreen unmoven parts in nice proportions. Cne may plan his own dosircd spacinge.


The sketch at the right shows how one may use aide parts of weaving between openwork spaces, keering the woven parts from unraveling by means of coarse hem-stitching. Thile handivork of so extensive a nature aif cht seen guite a task at first thought, in both of the above methods, the needlemork is done winile the rarp threads are stretched on the 100 m , and the whole process is quite entertaining and very easy to do. It also movee alons rapidly, giving such a unique effect that one is clad of the slight extra effort consicering the end in visu. In the nethod at B, it is most effective to woave and embroider the edces vi.th just one ivory or ecru tone.


Creative Grafts

Desigas may be woven into the very texture of eloth, with the colors making up separate design parts,interlocked along adfacent Ines. The directions for this type of weaving, known as Tapestry. are given in Folio IX, on Navajo Kug Wearing. 如 these panels, use fine rags or tufting Cotton for weft; Carpet warp for warp.


Creative Graftey GurornseryPai

These attractive panels are made of narrow strips of handwoven raga; cut fine. Soft old sheets are good to use. Dye them in soft shades of brown, with coral and cream for the flower parts, and a touch of hright crimson for the flower center. Tulip flowers lend themselves to ascending lines and are excellent at the base of panels.

The two long aide pieces of the drapes are $6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . \mathrm{long}^{2} 13$ inches wida while the drop at center top is 1 ft long. 111 pieces have fringe. Plan your measurements according to the space desired to fill. For portierres or drapes $26^{\prime \prime}$ wide, make two repeats of the flower pattern.

WARP PLAN: Marp, $8 / 4$ Tan, or Crc. Cot. Threads per inch: 10
Width in Reed: 13 inches.
Total No. of Threads: 130
Weft: Soft Eags Dyed, and cut $\frac{1}{2}$ inch wide.
THREADING: Thread as Tabby, on eith or twomor four-harness 100 m.
WHIVING PLaN: For Each Panel:
Leave 4 unnoven for fringe.
Teave $\frac{1}{2}$ " Plain Weave with same thread as warp.
Veave 3" Plain background color with dyed rags. (It.Brown)
Base Border: $5^{n}$ of Stripes:
1 Rey Goral
5 Rowe Gream 1 Row Coral
10 Rowe Coral 3 Rows Cream 3 Rown Cream 1 Row Coral 1 Row Coral 3 Rows Brown 6 Rows Brown
(Read Next Columa)
Section of Lotus Mowers Above Base Border: See Diagram next pege. Weave as Tapestry, íneo L. on Navajo fug Foave); add a row of Tabby in Carpet Farp after each row for atreagth. Read from Rt. to Ift.on diagram following checks. Bach check represents 2 warp threads.


Roverse from here, for a second complete repeat.

This threading in two warp colors results in a point pattern of basic twill texture, with interesting highlights of design points appearing at intervais. The velurs of this threeding liss not only in its lovely subtle color effects when woven but in the fact that only one weft thread is needed for the very lovely results achieved. It was pranned as a very usaful pattern for those learning to weave, or for folks having poor eyesight,- for the weaver can forget all else but a smooth running weft and good edges.

At the 10 th session of the National Conference of American Handweavers, this pattern was chosen by Mrs. Ruth Collins as a "find" for her department in the School of the Blind, Salem, Oregon.

USES OF THE HOLLYWOOD PATTERN:
Tha planned side and border design of the Hollywood pattern make it possible to use the design as a planned width for runners, drapes, tablecloths, doilies, etc. The center repeat is short and may be extended any width to adapt to upholstery, 2 -toned drapes, wool blankets of soft texture, etc. The center may of course by made into a longer repeat by doubling the twill point, as shown at $B$.

For soft all-wool blankets, set this pattern in two colors with Garmantown warp at 8 to 1 C per inch; then weave with soft white or nautral yarn. Since only one weft No. 2 .

No.1.
WARP PLAN FOR PILLOWS AND RUNNERS, 18 "WIDE. Warp: Carpet Warp, $8 / 4,2$ colors. Green and brown, (3rom in circles on graph) Weft: Same or 20/6 or Perle 5 Cotton. Thds. per inch: 16. Width in Reed: $18 \frac{1}{2}$ " Total Threads: 295

## THRE.ADING PLAN:

Edge: ( $5 \mathrm{gr} ; 3 \mathrm{br} ; 3 \mathrm{gr} ; 3 \mathrm{br} ; 2 \mathrm{gr}$ ) - - 16 Border: (8gr; $16 \mathrm{br} ; 8 \mathrm{gr}) \ldots \ldots .{ }^{2}$ Pattern, 6 threads, repeat 33x-- - 198 Add 1 green thread on H.1-see arrom- 1 Border: same as on right side- - 32 Edge: " " " " " - - - 16 is necessary and this is almost hidden be.. WARP cause of the werp design, this pattern offers an excellent chance for one to use the homespun yarn of one's own spinning, when this is hardly even and smooth enough to use for regular wool suitings.
No. 3.
WARP AND THREADING FOR BLANKET 42"wide
Warp: Germantown sat at 8 per inch.
Weft: Homespun or Germentown.
Total Threads: 335.
Thread: Edge(16);Border, $2 x(64)$; Center, 29x(174); One axtra on 1.1(1);Border, $2 \mathrm{x},(64)$; Edse, once, (16); Total: 335.

PLAN FOR DRAPES, $42^{\prime \prime}$ wide.
Warp: Perle 5 or Perle 3.
Weft: The same or 10/3 or 20/6 Cotton.
Thds. par inch: 12. Width:42;Total:507.
THREADING PLAN: Edga, once- $-\mathrm{a}-\mathrm{b}-\cdots-16$
Border, b-c, 32 threads, rep. 3x- - - 96
Genter, c-d, 5 thds. rep. 47 times -282
Add 1 thd. on H.1. ......... 1
Border, b-c,-3天 - . . . ......... 96
Edge, once, $a-b, \ldots \ldots \ldots$ Total Threads- 507
WEAVING PLAN FOR ALL ARTICLES:
Weave as Twill: Hs.182, 2\&3, 384,481 ; or Twill and reverse to $384,283$.


Center (c)
6 threads
THE DRAFT WITH TWIIL POINT OF DOUBLE SIZE:B. Center, ( 14 threads) Repeat as desired:


## Note:

Add thd. on H.1, marked by arrow, after last repeat.



Footstools like that shown below may ba covered effectively with the Hollywood fabric patteris set up as for pillows or runners, uphnlstery, etc. in Plan No. 1.

Handmade footstools in Maple, Black Wainut or Natural Finish are available at \$6.5C.

Reverse－Twill Patterns such as Rosepath Herringbone，or Dornik can be developed into very effective texture weaves，suitable for drapes，knitting bags，purses，and also op－ iolstery．
－The varied results are caused by combina－ tions of different colors in the threading， or by the use of several different weights of thread，or those of contrasting qualities． such as fine and coarse，shiny and glossy or smooth and nubby，etc．

The selection of the weft also makes con－ siderable difference in the effect．Here a－ gain one can use contrasting textures as well

## WARP PLAN：

Warp：Carpet－Warp 8 8／4
Colors：（x）Rust；（．）Green；（o）White； （＂）Orange；（错）Black；（＂）Lavendar
Weft：Same kind and colors as warp．
Also Nubby white or pale Novelty Yarn，see Thread Page，（Lily＇s Art．105）；and Raytone， for highlights as listed on thread page．
Threads per Inch：Appr． 12.
Width：As desired．Patterns can be repeated with－ out planning borders．

WEAVING PLANS FOR TEXTURES：
Plan 1．Dk．Green Hs．1－3；2－4；1－3．Follow by Nubby White or Raytone， 1 Row，Hs． 2.4 ． Repeat all for 2 inches．Continue with the next plan．Often adjacent plans together form a most effective larger plan．

Rlan 2．Rase or Lavendar Carpet Warp：Hs． $1.2 ; 2.3$ ； 3－4；Follow with White Nubby，Hs．4－1．Rep．

Plan 3．Light colored Boucle or Nylon，Hs $1-2 ; 2.3$ ． Dark Carpet Warp，Hs．3－4；4－1．Repeat all．

Tlan 4．Any color，Carpet Warp，Hs＊ 1 －2．2－3，3－4， 4－1．＊Follow with 1 row Nubby contrasting in color，Hs．1－3．Repeat between＊s，follow with Nubby，Hs．2－4．Repeat all 10 rows．
Plan 5．LACE BORDER White Nubby，Hs．1－2；2－3， 3－4，4－1；once each．
Rose Carpet Warp，Hs．1－2；2－3；3－4；4－1；re－ peat once more， 8 rows in all of C．Harp．
White Nubby Tabby， 5 rows：Hs，2－4；1－3； 2．4；1．3；2．4．
Rose Cow． 1 inch．Hs $1-2 ; 2.3 ; 304 ; 4-1$ ．Rep． White Nubby， 1 row， $\mathrm{Hs}_{\mathrm{o}} 1.3$ ．
Rose C．W： 3 rows．Hs． $2-4 ; 1-3 ; 2-4$ ．
Center of Border：Pick up pairs of warp and cross to make Leno．（See Leaflets 760；765；766．） Reverse from center，to Rose $C_{0} W_{a} 3$ rows，etc．
as colors－light and dark，heavy and fine， nubby and smooth，etc．

A very good plan is to thread up a card－or small table loom for a try out of texture，and experiment to your creative instinct．Select the most effective only for the inal fabric．

The cloth described here，and shown on the January， 1950 chart as the May sample，has a warp of $8 / 4$ Cotton Rug Warp， $8 / 4$ ，in six col ors．This is arranged with special spacings in a 16 －－dent reed so that there are actual－ ly only 11 or 12 threads per inch．his was the exact threading for the May samile，woven with a Perle 3 weft．

## THREADING PLAN：

Pattern Draft A represents the Rosepath arrenged as a texture draft．Repeat threading all across warp ${ }_{0}$－ Hs． $3,4,3,2,1,4,1,2 ; 3,4,3,2,1,4,1,2 ;$ etc．With colors： Hs 3 ，Rust； 4, Dk，Geeen； 3, Rust ．2，White； 1 ，White； 4 ，White； 1，White；2，White；3，Orange；4，Black；3，Lavendar．Repeat．

One can choose any corresponding colors，but we find it best to put white and dark on the Rosepath points，－ Hs． $4_{9}$ in this

## case．

## SEEYING：

Put in the reed as indi－ cated by the arrows below the $\mathrm{draft}_{0}$ 。 skipping one dent at each of these ar． rows．

## WEAVING。

The drawo ing shown here suggests good propor． tions and bal－ ance of darks and lights to carry out in your chosen textures．You can plan three textures；or three colors， $X, Y, Z$.
Wbrk out the textures as de－ scribed here at left．


Lecture on Color and Texture：See National Lectures， 1949.

Speaking of texture, here is a unique yet simple development of an Overshot pattern bound down by a fine chenille or novelty Tabby. The warp has occasional spots of texture, in metallic threads that add to the interest and beauty of the final texture. This pattern,


"Adobe", was created and naned by Loraine Kessenich for National Conference. The fabric will be found useful for mesh-like mats, drapes, hangings, runners and evening purses.
WARP PLAN:
Warp: Threads without circles around them, Mercerized 5/2 Cotton, Lilys; or Wondersheen, Spool Cotton Co; or 10/3 Cotton; or similar weight For this color scheme yellow is best.

Threads in circles for texture: Bronze, Gold or Metallic. Must be strong enough for warp. Lily's new Gujmpe, in Gold, Silver or Copper would be excellent.

Weft: Overshot: Heavy Cotton Chenille, or heavy Novelty, dark or pedium brown Tabby: Fine Chenille or similar.Use a color slightly darker than warp.

## THREADING PEAN:

Thread Right Selvage, 4 threads $\cdots \cdots-4$
A-B, 1st Motif; 59 threads - - . - . - . 59
B-C, 2nd Motif, 59 threads $\cdots \cdots \cdots-59$
A-B, - $-\ldots-\ldots \ldots \ldots$
*B-C, - . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 59
A-B,* - - . . . . - . - . - . . - 59
Thread Left Selvage, 4 threads … . 4
Total Threads - - -303
Note: For wider fabric, repeat more between *s.
(te: This plan is written for either a Jack or Counterbalanced Loom. It is easy to thread and weave; but warping with texture threads requires care.

Creative Crafts,

WARP PLAN, Continued.
Threads per $\mathrm{In}_{\mathrm{c}}: 16$ for drapes and ruiners 20 for purses, etc.
Width: As desired. For narrow drapes or ranners, 19 in. Purses:15"
Total Threads: 303. For wider fabric simply add $A-B-C$, once more, 118 more warp threads.

WEAVING PLAN:
Eirst Motif, A-B: Treadle: Hs 1-2. Overshot, Heavy Cherille. Hs. 1-3, Tabby, Fine Chenille. Hs. 24,

Second Motif, B-C: Treadle:
Hs. 3-4, Overshot, Heavy Chenille.
Hs. 1-3. Tabby, Fine Chenille.
Hs. 2-4, Tabby, Fine Chenille.
Weave each motif square by repeating the three rows given; and alternate the square motifs thus.

This weaving may be varied by weaving a row of Overshot, then lst Tabby;2d row Overshot;2d Tabby, etc.

Try various successions and combinations.

Occasionally add a highlight; but do so is a part of a newly created rhythic design, and repeat at same interval.

Guensey, Penna.


This is a very unumal and lovely upholstery pettern, weaving up into a srath but modernistic block efect. If tro colons are used for the weaving, or the shodes of the same color, the result wil be altorncting blocks in two tones. Thus this pattern is useful for rome using two colars in their decoration. Good color ombinations are hema sn deep rast; tan and bron; cronge ma bron; eroy and blech.

## MATERIALS:

Tarp: $20 / 2$ ply or $30 / 2 \mathrm{ply}$ cotton. $A$ tine fabri wol wey aiso be used. teft: Gine homapun wol or Bernat'e idobi.

| PIM OE SGP: | MENUING FLAN: |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wieth: 21 jnenwe | 1-L nuce | 3.4 ance |
| Dent read 16 dont with 2 theode por gent. | l-2 trice | 2-3 traice Dark |
| 3.0. 3\% per inch. T 30 thes per in. | 1-4 twice L ight | 3-4, tuicel |
| are used, miterial will be a" hitor. | 1-a twice Colut | 2-3 tilce |
| Total no. thas: 672. | 1-4 twiee | 1-4 twies |
|  | 1-2 twice | L-ís twicellight |
| Traghing ian: | 1-4 nec | L-4 taice |
| A-B: 26 throwis, .-............................- 26 | -4, ner | 1-2 tance |
| B-6: 100 threas, ropest 6 tineri-...... dio | $2-3$ taicepare | 1-5 chee |
|  | 3-4 twicesColor | mocat Irom |
|  | 2.3 trice | brinaing of |
| Smase, $\mathrm{EE}, 17$ threscis, may be acose at | $3-4$ once - | weavine plan. |
| begimilie ard end of pattern. | 1-4 snce |  |
|  | L-2 twicepricht |  |
|  | $1-4 \text { incel }$ |  |
|  | 3-4 unce |  |
|  | 2-3 onee Trak | \% 1.2 |
|  | 1-? ance) | - 2 |
|  | $\cdots-2$ once | $\underline{+1}$ |
|  | $1-2$ once |  |
|  | $1-2$ trice (isht | Lnion! ! ! ! |
|  | 1-4 once) |  |

AN EXCELLENT ChORLP BEAVE FOH UPHOLSTERY-"THE HESTMTION TWILJ"
(Found in Shuttlccraft Bulletin March, 1939, also Octobra, 193t)
The Crackle leave is a discover of Mr:. Atwater's. She hes evolved many usoful. and ruatiful patterns in this tochnique, wercing with a little-known Soenciinavian pattern as a background. Crackle Woavo patterns are excellent for upholstery, rugs ond bags, - in ract ay fabric subjected to quite a bit of wow, for the neft is bound fimin in the rarp, and there are no overshots.


TIE-UP FOR TREADLES


## WARP PLAN:

Warp: Perle 10 natural
Woft: Pattern, Crochet Cotton or Porle 5 Tabby, Same as Warp.
Thds. per in. 24
7idth in Sley: $10^{\prime \prime}$
Total No. of thds. $\sim 40$
( Two repeats of pattern. Repeat as many times as desired from A to $B$ )
Fabric: Unholstery, Pillows, colorful closely woven fabic.

## WEAVING PLAN:

To wave as a regular Crackle aro:


## WE VING IN ITALIAN MANNER:

This me thod permits of tho use of three colors, and produces a fabric of uniquc charm. Instead of following a pattorn shot with its tabby, one uses the next pattern shod with the second colori then tho first pattern shod again followed by
the preceding pattern shed in the third color. Forinstance, 1-2 in the lst color, followed by 2-3 in the 2d color; then l-2 again in the 1ss: color, followed by $4-1$ in the 3ra colon.


| Tr. 1 (1-2) D | Tr. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1. $2(2-3) \cdots \mathrm{M}$ | $4(4-1)$ |
| 1 (1-2) D | 3 (3-4) |
| $4(4-1) \mathrm{L}$ | $2(2-3)$ | Repeat, ending End with Tr.3: with $1-2, T r .1 . D . \quad 3-1, y .1$


|  | A10.4 (4-1) |
| :---: | :---: |
| II $3(3-4)$ I | - $\quad 1$ (1-2) M |
| " $2(2-3) \mathrm{M}$ | $4(4-1) \mathrm{D}$ |
| " $1(1-2)$ D | $3(3-4) \mathrm{L}$ |
| End. with mre ${ }^{\text {a }}$, | and with Tr.4, |
| 2-3, M. | 4-1, D . |

These we the fow inuctis woven in the Itslian ianner. Repeat, cuntinuing with changes solor.

If one is a busy person, it is a good idea to plan veavine patterns that cail be used for various purposes. This saves re-threading and enebles one to get a good deal of pleasure out of a single threading. Below is a versatile pattern suitable for upholstery or pillow tops when woven solid; but equally attractive whon used for apron, towel or curtain borders. It con be woven as "drown-in", or "rose-fashion".

To give here its solic. weaving as "drawn-in", and sugsestions for narrow and wide borders. To fmprovise your own borders, simply take two white cards and slide then outward from either side of the conters 1 or 2 . You can see how by slidiae out a little further you complete the design more and more.

TARP PIAT: Warp: 20/2 Cotton or 24/3
Weft: Pattern: Cro. Cot. or Lily's 10/3 Trostone. Taboy: Same as Warp. Thds. per in: 30 (or 32) Tidth: oither 22 " or 32 " or as desired.

THREADING FLAIT: For 22" loom, 30 per in. Pattern, am, 9 times- 612 Lest time, A to *only $\frac{55}{667}$ Total: 667 For 22 " width, 32 per in. Solvafe, 1, 2, 3, 4, (4x) 16 Pettern, A-B, 9 tines- 612 Last time, A to *only 55 Selvase, $4,3,2,1,(4 x) \quad 16$

Total: 699 $3,2,3,2,3,2,3,4,3,4,3,2,3,4,3,4,3,2,3,2,3,2,3,2$, $1,2,1,4,1,4,3,4,3,2,3,2,1,2,1,4,1,4,3,4,3,4,3,4,3,4,1,4,-$ and repeat.

WEAVIITG PLATVE:

Mo.3. Narrow Border $1-23 x$
4-1 3x Mo. 4.
3-4 8x Modius
$4-13 x \quad 3-4 \frac{\text { Border }}{3 x}$
1-2 3x $3-43 x$
$4-13 x$ Color sugn 1-2 3x gestions $2-37 x$ marked a- 3-4 4x

ROSHPMTH THPWADED DIFERRJMTLY FOR UHHOLSTERY, WC.
The Rosepath pattern is excelient to use for iexiure offects. At the neden or the reverse points, one my uso therecs of diferet toxtare crom tim rest of the
 ent colors. See Draif No. $I_{i}$ bol. วvo





To obtain the effect of texture ridses in the warp, instead of adding semarate threads for the texture, one car tike sereral werp trascis th succension aid rib





 the tixee varps on H.t.ethrnugh tho next one, atic.


Here we have the heaviest warp thread effect at the node or reverse pcint.

In thes draft, thero will be a Fosepath forr wits heary thiencis in veri, and arother ciase bestes it, without these heary theeads

The harness mumers in cifler rement heats fexure threse drons mev ze of $\varepsilon$, wifierut color.

TARP PLAN: HBATY THXIURE:
Warp: $16 / 4,16 / 3$ or Tulip 3-strand Cotton
Weft: One thraad only required. Perle 3. (Ifly's or Bernat's) or $3 / 2$, Fawcetts.
Threads per inch: 16,18 , or 20.
THRTADING: Repeat any of the drafts as gitan.

TARP PLAN: FINE TEXCURE:
Wa:p: $20 / 2$ or $24 / 3$ Cotton, or Perle $2 C$ Teft: One thread only. Ifly's or Bern atie Perie 5; or Fawceti's 12/1 Pastel ininen Weft.
Threads per inch: 30 or 32.

## WEAVING PLAN: for all drafts.

Weave as Twill, Treadles 1-2
2-3
$3-4$
$4-1$
Introduce texture threads at intervals.
PLAN No, 1 , woten as drawn in: Two textures.
1-2, fine

| $2 \cdot 3$, | 11 | $3-j$, | 11 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $3-4$, | 11 | $2 \cdots 3$, | 11 |

4-1, heavy or
chenge of
coler.
3-4, fine $\frac{2-3,}{\text { Repent }}$ :11.

WEAVING PLAN No. 2.

WEMING FEAN NO. 3.
Use three texcurer, fine, coarse and crinkly, (such as boucle')
 conario; 3-l, crinkiy; 2-3, "inte Repuat.

Notica: Te are now able to offer a better, loneer stapie nooi fiber for spianinp at $\$: .00$ per lb. Pleese erclose postage,

This sheer texture, designed by Helen Louise Allen for a National Conference, resembles Bronson, yet is easier to understand and to weave. It produces a very lovely lelicate lace effect which may be enclosed in tabby as desired. In the draft below, the sections marked $\operatorname{dr} B$ and $D-E$ are the tabby sections surrounding the lace part, $B-D$.

For a lacey handkerchief, ono can thread the tabby sectionsfrom 1 to 2 inches in width, and make the lacework in between, the entire width of the center. For sun curtains one can plan several inches of tabby at the sides, and use the lace for the entire center; or plan intermittent sections of tabby and lace, thus forming vertical columns of lace and plain weave alternating, as suggested in Threading Plan, No.2.

While we have given pions here for the finest cottons now available, one can of course use heavier cottons, such as Perles 10 or 5 , with stunning effect. If you are fortunate enough to have fine linen, such as $40 / 2$ or $50 / 2$, use this for both warp and weft; or for weft on the fine cotton marp.
W.ARP PLAN: For Handkerchief.

Warp: Lily's 24/2 Cotton
Weft: One thread only,like
Warp, or $40 / 2$ or $50 / 2$ Linen.
(Hughes Fawcett's)
Threads per inch: 30 or 32.
Width in Reed: $15 \frac{1}{2}$ inches.
Total Threads: 495

## THREADING PLAN:

Thread A-B, (6) 12 times- -72 Thds. B to C, (6) 58 times- - 348 "
C to $\mathrm{D},-\cdots \cdots{ }^{\prime}-\cdots \cdots$
$D$ to E, (6) 12 times $-\frac{72}{\text { Total }-495}$
WEAVING PLAN: Tabby: $1 \& 3$; then 2\&4. Repeat. Lace Section - Treadle:

| $1 \& 3$ | Repeat |
| :---: | :---: |
| 384 | these |
| 183 | six |
| $2 \times 4$ | rons |
| 182 | for |
| 284 | Ince. |

Wenve Lace Gurtains with some trendling as givon here for handkerchief.

Sections of tabby occur at nrrows. At these points, i.e. after the 3 rd and 6 th rows of lace part, do not beat quite as hard as after other rows.

MARP PLAN for 22 " Sun Curtains.
Warp: Lily's $24 / 2$ or $20 / 2$ Perle Cotton. Weft: The same or Fawcett's 40/2 or Threads per Inch: 30 50/2 Iinen. Wiath in Reed: 22 inches. Total Threads: 663

THRTADING PLAN I. Tabby at Sides; Lace Center Thread: $A$ to $B,(6) 12 x-72$ Threads $B$ to $C,(6) 86 x-516^{\prime \prime}$ $C$ to $D,(3)$ once - $3 "$ $D$ to $\mathbf{I},(6) 12 x-\cdots \frac{72}{}$

663 Total Thds
THREADING PLAN II. Lace Columns.
Throod: 1.A to $B$, desired widh.
2.B to $C$, as desired; add $C$ to $D$. Repeat these two sections.


The honeycomb technqúe is especially effective for bedspreads. The pattern - ren here is planned for a 32 -inch panel. Threc panels sewed together will make $\therefore$ bodspread 90 inches wide, allowing 2 inches shrinkage for each panel. The pattern below is composed of two motifs, $A-B$ and $B-C$. Motif, $A-B$, is like that given in Leaflet 917 for Honeycomb purses, except that 8 threads are omitted at beginning and end of A-B. The technique is the same as that described for Leaflet $91 \%$.




| MATEEIALS Use 20/2 | WIRP PLAN FOR 16- | WARP PLAN FOR 15- | WARP PLAN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| cotton for warp. Pat- | or 32-dent reed. | or 30 -dent reed. | PILLOW on 22"LOOM. |
| tern weft, colored | Width in sley: 31 | Width in sley: $311 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | Width in sley: 19" |
| Umbrian or Perle 20. | Thds. per in: 32 | Thds.per in. 30 | Thds.per in. 32 |
| Tably weft, Perle 3, | Total No. Thds. 1002 | Total No.Thds. 954 | Total No. Thds. 602 |
| Perle 5 double or crochet cotton double. | THREADING PLAN | THREADING PLAN | THREADING PLAN |
|  | $A-B=--202$ | A 'to B'only-186 | A-B------202 |
|  | B-C------198 | B-C----198 | B-C-C--198 |
|  | A-B--------202 | A' to B'only--186 | A-B--------202 |
|  | B-C---------198 | $\text { B-C-- } 198$ | Total --.- 1002 |
| Unthread this section for tro ride panels. | $A-B--\frac{-202}{1002}$ | $\rightarrow A^{\prime} \text { to } B^{\prime} \text { only }-186$ | - |
| PLANNING BEDSPHEAD PANELS |  |  | Wiath for $30-$ dent: 20 in:. |

Three sections throaded as above will make a spread 90" wide. To avoid having two cimilar columns at seam joinings, like portion at arrow, leave off Section A-B or Section $A^{\prime}-B^{\prime}$,last threading, for two side panels. For center panel weave pattern as above; then unthread last section $A-B$ for the sides. This leaves a side panel $26 "$ wide, width of final spread of three panels, $831 / 2$ inches. Weave spread according to principles described for Honeycomb Purse, Leaflet No. 917.


Wide comfy baby biankets may be made by weaving narrow strips and crocheting them together. The Lezur Loom is convenient for a project of this kind, but any floor or table loom that will weave a 36 in. length will do. Two strips $14^{\prime \prime} \times 36^{\prime \prime}$ are uac, to make a blanket measuring $28^{\prime \prime} \times 36^{\prime \prime}$.

## THE PATTERN: RAINDROPS



One may use small overshot patterns like the above, or twill or spot weaves.
MATERIAL: Narp: Medium weight Iceland yarn with touches of silk: use double. Pattern Weft: Heavier Iceland or Germantown. Tabby: Fine Iceland. WINDING WARP: Extend loom to weave 50". This will give leeway for shrinkage. Plan material 15" wide. A warp of 117 ends will give 114 ends for 19 repeats of motif,A, plus 3 extra threads, $4,3,4$ at $B$ to make left selvage like right. On 4 -harness loom, plan a $21 / 2$ yd. warp.

THE PICK-UP: In the pattern above, the warp threads are the vertical lines. In each harness-row, horizontal lines, pick up all threads marked by crosses; skip those crossed by horizontal lines. Starting with harness No.4, pick up thds. on bar, insert bar into slot, and proceed thus with each horness in succession, 3,2, and 1.
No.4. Harness Bar: Start vith last tha., C, *pick up 1, skip 1, pkup 1, sk. 3* No.3. " " : Sk.1;*pkup 1; sk.5;*Repeat bet. ${ }^{*}$. Repeat between *. No.2. " " : Sk.4;* pkup 1;sk.5;* Repeat bet.*. No.1. " " : Sk.3; pkup 1; sk.1; pkup 1; sk. 3* Repeat between *.

HOW TO WEAVE: Lift harnesses marked 3 and 4 together for lst row of pattern; put through heavy weft. Follow with harnesses 1 and 3 and weave thru with fine tabby veft.Continue with pattern followed by tabby as in chart below. Overcast first 3 rows to make edge firm. When finished with 6", bring warr around. When finished with 40 ", cut warp off. Qvercast last 3 rows. Make second strip. Crochet strips together.

## CHART:



Crochet blanket around all edges .-................... or fringe at ends only.

For a very stunning yet simple all-over texture, thread as at $A$. This simple repeat of the herringbone weave is never tiresome, yet to add interest to it, try adding a texture thread or a sharp colcr accent at the nodes or points of the draft, i.e. at the threads marked by circles, either a single thread at the point itself, or the cluster of three threads at this point. These texture threads will mank the reverses in the pattern as one weaves, as shown by heavy lines in sketches below. At $B$ we have the straight contimous repeat; at $C$; several repeats and then a reverse for the same number of times.

BABY BL. 1 NKHIS: Use white Germentown for watp and set at 10 or 8 per inch. For texture thread, use glossy boucle' or Perle 3.

HOUSBHOLD BLAMKETB: Use homespun, medium weight for warp and meft, set at 16 per inch. For texture thread, use boucle'; or simply add an accent of color in same kind of wool.

## WHAVING PLANS:

B: For straight Herringbone, simply repeat the pattern, twill fashion. If you wish to bring out the texture effect in a plaid square, add the texture thread at points indicated by *instead of regular weft .

1 texture thd. or 1 thd. of 2nd color: :1-2, 2-3, 3-4, 4-1, 1-2, 2-3, 3-4, 4-1, $1-2,2-3,3-4,4-1, \cdots$ and repeat ail.

3 texture thds. or 3 thas. of 2nd color:

* 4-1, $1-2, * 2-3,3-4,4-1,1-2,2-3,3-4$, 4-1: 1-2, $2-3,3-4, \cdots$ and ropeat all.
(Note: Using 6mtreadle tienps * $1,2,3,4,1,2,3,4,1,2,3,4,-$ repeat, or ${ }^{*} 4, * 1,{ }^{2} 2,3,4,1,2,3,4,1,2,3$ repeat.)

Of 耳if reversed Eerringbone, or Goose-Iye:
1 texture thd. or 1 thd. of 2nd color: 1-2, 2-3. $3-4,4-1,1-2,2-3,3-4,4-1$, 1-2, 2-3. 3-4, 44-1, and reverse to: 3-4, 2-3, 1-2, 4-1, 3-4, 2-3, 1-2,4-1, 3-4, $2-3,-$ and repeat all.

3 texture thds, or 3 thds. of and Nolors $=2-3, \quad 1-2, \quad 2-3 ; 3-4,4-1,1-2,2-3$.
$3-4,4-1,1-2,2-3,3-4,4-1$ and re $2-3, \quad 1-2, \quad{ }^{2} 2-3 ; 3-4,4-1,1-2,2-3$. verse to ${ }^{*} 3-4,2-3$. $1-2,4-1,3-4$, $2-3,1-2,4-1,3-4$, and repeat all.
Wetos (Hor 6ntreadie tiemp;

* $1,2,3,4,1,2,3,4,1,2,3, * 4$, and reverse to, $3,2,1,4,3,2,1,4,3,2$;-repeat all.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ort } \psi_{2}, w_{1}, w_{2}, 3,4,1,2,3,4,1,2, * 3, * 4, * 3, \\
& 2,1,4,3,2,1,4,3, \text { and repeat al1.) }
\end{aligned}
$$



"Here on the Loom, behold it srow, - The blanket of the Nevajo." Sabin
The most popular Indian Sadde Blanket Weave is a closely packed twill, woven with homespun weft covering videly spaced homespun warp. The resulting texture is firm and heavy, useful for blankets, couch throws, or for purses and under-arm bags,knitting bags, etc. Since the warp is covered, one may substitute $8 / 4$ carpet warp set at 8 to 10 thas. per inch, with weft of Germantown; but heavy homespun is best for weft.

COLORS AND PATTERNS: Three colors are used, chosen from typical Indian colors,-such as red,gray,black and white, as shown below by: J.Red. effect of 3 -tiared stripes or diamonds depends upon the fact that the number of harnes: combinations possible is not a multiple of 3 ,i.e. the number of colors used. In the twil weave there are four trending combinations:Hs.182; 283; 384; 481, but our number of colors is only three. So in weaving, each color keeps shifting to another combination, after each round, until all hove been used, when the succession starts all over again. The same succession must be maintained from the start, however, such as: red, gray, black; red, gray, black, etc. If one reverses the succession of the harnesses, the order of the colors must also be reversed, such as black, gray, red. Any twill variation may be used, herringbone,et

DIAGONAI TYPE FATTERN, A: The Indian calls this type, of simple repeated diagonals, the "Braided" rug. The harness repeat may either continue in the same direction, or be reversed at any point, as at *arrow. Follow the harness succession beginning with vertical arrows at right of draft A. The checks in the draft represent threaded warp threads, and the small numbers in brackets, the harness combinations. Weave 182, red; 283, gray; 384 , black. We have now used each color, but combination $4 \& l$ has not been used; so we start this one with red again: 4\&1, red; 182, gray; 283,black. Then 304 , red; $481, g r a y ; ~ 182$, black. At this point, in pottern below, a reverse occurs, (altho the above repeatingsuccesion mav of coursa continua as desired). Reverse colors as well as pattern, thus: 481, gray, 384, red; 2\&3, black; 1\&2, gray; 4\&1, red; 3*4, black; 2\&3, gray; 18e2, red; etc. At this point, pattern below shows another reverse, to $2 \& 3, \mathrm{gray} 384, \mathrm{black} ; 4 \% 1$, red; etc.

DIAOND TYPE FATTERN, B: AT B another threading is shown, the Goose-aye Draft, a repeat of 26 threads, with a reverse occurring in the threading, which enables us to make diamonds in weaving. Starting to weave at right of pattern, see vertical arrows, and taking each two harnesses in succession as indicated in the draft itself: 182, $2 \& 3,384,481$, etc we strike the point of the diamond at C.Then the direction of the pattern automaticall changes and we strike a second point or center at D. Here we have the original directio again,i.e. le?, 283, 3elt, etc, similar to start at top. In weaving a pattern of this kinc simply follow tach combination as it occurs in the draft, starting at right, see ovals.


Wore about Indian Saddle Blanket Weaves: So that you can see its unusual effect, we are sending you an actual sample, woven with three colors of crochet cotton over carpet warp. You will of course use wool for wert, like attached bit of wool. One aico thing about this weave is the possibility it offors of making a sof ${ }^{\circ}$ blend of colors. No one of the three colors used stands out abovo the rest; the result is most pleasing, and the resulting blanket or rug is suitabie to several color schence. iccording to Gladys Reichard, author of "Navajo Shepherd and Woavor", (avilablo at Cromino Crarts for 3.7 ), the Indians doveloped several typical Elankot Venves as follows:

1. BLAMKET, "IT IS YOVEN". In this, the throading is tabby, and the weave is of tro colors, hltornting, with two shuttles. At A you will 1 by usine two colors in tinis way, a technique giving a color blond, fine for blankets or for a section of wovine in betwoen other weaves.

"It Is Woven" 2. "SPECKLED UELVE". The threading is planned so that 2-hernes: loom the threading would be as shown at $B$. on ? 4-harness, as shown at C. When woven with two alternating colors, the effect is as shown at D.
2. TUILL OR "BRAIDED". This is the type described in Lenflet 911, the throading beine any twill pattern, the wenving done with one, two, but preferably three successivo colors. A word regardine this type may onhance its value. The Weave. The succession of tread. ling follows the same plan as for the regular twill wesving. Throe successive colors are used, always in the seme order. The texture of the pattern, along a diagonel line, scems to be quite independent of the trend of the colorod stripes of the design, which appear to go in the opposite direction. Forinstance in the sketch at the right, the texture of the pattern roos from loft--..eint, os at E-F, while the dosign appears in colorod stripes going from rifht - an't, at E-G, fior the weaving has been finished. Rerersine. Both the colors and the treadling should bu reversed at the same point. Follow chart below -3 far ze l-2, black. To revorse, rend upward, fivine -1, ray; $3-4$, rod, otc. The succession of colors chances from black, red, eray, to cray, red, black. Readdown:

| 1-2,--black | 1-2,-mod | 1-2,--gray |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2-3,--re? | 2-3, - Erey | 2-3,--black |
| 3-4,--¢ry | 3-4,-mbinck | 3-4,--red |
| 4-1,--11.ck | 4-1,-rod | 4-1,--cray <br> 1-2,--black.Reverse |
|  |  | 4-1,--Eray, etc. | 4. "DINOMD". This meave is like Twill, except that there ic a reverse in the threacine, as at $H$, and the recultine veave makes zig-zags horizontally, as well ao rortically, as shown at J,K. One may weave a clooe? Dicmon?, as at L. A very pretty may to thread the Pimon? sade Blanket is to make the revarso of the threvine come at the conter, one reverse only, then revurso only once at the center when weaving. The rosult is shom it li. This is most offectire.


" ${ }^{\text {Diamond }}$

L. Closed Diamond.


## M.Rewerse at contron only.



This lovely coverlet recently came into the possession of the Smithsonian Institute, at Washington, D.C. It shows a pleasing variation of figures, - a Radiating Bigure from $B$ to $C$; Cross and Star from C to D; Diamond and Table, D to E; and a center with a field of Crosses and Squares from $E$ to $F$.

The threading given here goes to the center of the coverlet. Plan I is for width of $37^{\prime \prime}$, weaves down to $36^{\prime \prime}$, make two panels for $72^{\prime \prime}$ spread. Plan II is for width of $42^{\prime \prime}$; weaves down to 41", make two for 82" spread. To enlarge or reduce width, increase or docrease number of repeats of center motif, $E$ to $F$; or add repeats to border $A$ to $B$.

The two panels join at the center, at the middle of the $1-2, b l o c k$, marked by arrow. F-G is just half the block. The two notes at extreme end, on H. 4 and 3, complete one repeat of a selvage edge, providing forsmooth weaving at the joining.


WIRP PLAN:
Warp: $20 / 2$ or $24 / 3$ Cotton
Weft: Pattern Weft: Lily's new 2-ply yarn or Bernat's Fabri.*
Tabby: Like Wirp
Threads per inch: 30
Width: 42", Total Threads: 1267
Width: 37", Total Threads: 1111

- NoteiPerle 5 Cotton or Tulip 3-ply may be used.


deaving pian:
Border, A-B:


Radiating Motif, $\left.\begin{array}{l}1-2,6 x \\ 2-3,6 x \\ 3-4,6 x \\ 4-1,6 x\end{array}\right\}$
Repeat $5 x$ $\mathbf{R}^{(B-C)}$

TEWVING ETAN.CGIt

| B-C, Cont: | C-D, Cont: |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1-2. 8 x | 4-1, 6x |
| 4-1, 6x | 3-4. 6x |
| 3-4, 6x | 4-1, 6x |
| $2-3,6 x$, | 1-2, 6x |
| 1-2. $6 x$ | 2-3, 3x |
| Rep. bet. | 3-4, 3x |
| lines, 5x | $\begin{aligned} & 4-1,8 x) \text { Rep. } \\ & 3-4,8 x\} 3 x \end{aligned}$ |
| Cross \& Star: | 4-1, 8x |
| 4-1, 3x (C-D) | 1-2, 3x |
| 3-4, 3x | 2-3, 3x |
| 2-3, 3x | 3-4, 3x |
| 1-2, $3 x$ | 4-1, 3x |
| 4-1, $8 \overline{\mathrm{x}}$ ) Rep. |  |
| 3-4, 8x ${ }^{\text {c }}$ ) $3 x$ | Diamond \& Table |
| 4-1, 8x | 1-2. 8 x ( $\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{E}$ ) |
| 3-4, 3x | \{-3, 2 x \} Rep. |
| 8-3, 3x | 3-4, 2x) $12 x$ |
| 1-2. $6 x$ | $2-3,2 x$ |

THREADING PLAN I: ( $37{ }^{\prime \prime}$ wide, weaves to 36")
Border, A-B, 7x(6), - - - 42
Radiating Motif,B-C- - -238
Cross \& Star, C-D - - - 187
Diamond \& Table, D-E - - 213
Crosses \& Squares, E-F-6-381
1111
THREADING PIAN II (42" wide, weaves to 4i) Make this plan the same as Plan I, but repeat $\mathrm{E}-\mathrm{F} 20$ times, (520) and add $F-G$, (17) an additional number. of 156 threads, making total,1237, for $42^{\prime \prime}$ width, for large coverlet.
*Note: For pattern weft, nothing is letter than 2-ply yarn, and the new grade with which arr sample is woven, will be arailable at this offlce this spring, in all colors, a Lily thread that compares with Fabri.

D-E, Cont:
1-2, 8x
2-3, 3x
$3-4,3 x$
$1-2,8 x$ 胞


3x 4 . $3 x$

Rep. from *, as desired,14x or mare for center.

