Burnettizing. A process for preventing decay of wood and fibrous materials or fabrics, patented in England by Burnett, 1837.
The wood or fiber is immersed in a solution of chloride of zinc, 1 pound; water, 4 gallons for wood, 5 gallons for fabrics, 2 gallons for felt, contained in a wooden tank.
Timber is saturated two days for each inch of thickness, and then set on end to drain for from two to fourteen weeks.
Cotton, yarns, cordage, and woollens are immersed for forty-eight hours.

Cloth Embossing. This is performed in a rolling-press, the engraved cylinders of which act upon the fabric (or paper), which is passed continuously between them; or one or more of the cylinders may be printing-cylinders having the usual color-vials and doctors.

Cloth-prover. A magnifying-glass employed in numbering the threads in a given space of cloth.

Clothes-dryer. A frame on which clothes are suspended to dry. Among the multitude of forms may be mentioned the post with extensible bars and parallel cords, Fig. 1899; this may be dismounted and collapsed like an umbrella. The toggle-jointed frame, with cross-rounds like a ladder, and folding up on the lazy-tongs principle. Others are clothes-horses, consisting of frames with cross-bars, and shutting together like book-covers. Another form has radial bars like spokes, or a slatted frame hinged like a trap door, etc., etc.
The centrifugal machine is used to remove all the moisture that can be got rid of by mechanical means.

Comb.
A comb was formerly used to drive up the woof-thread to compact the fabric in weaving. It remains in the modern reed. Comb is used in the same manner by the modern Hindoos.
Combs for removing the grain from the straw (wheat or flax) were used in Egypt and in Rome. See Ripple.

Mozing. Gigging of cloth.

Nap. 1. The pile of cloth.
2. Naps. The loops of velvet which are cut to make the pile.

Russia-matting. Matting manufactured in Russia from the inner bark of the linden (Tilia Europaea). This matting is much used for packing, and the best of which it is composed is used for tying up plants.

Scribling. (Cotton and Woollen Manufacture.)
The first rough carding, preparatory to the final carding.

Scutching-mill. A mill in which fiber is scutched. See Scutching-mill.