George A. Draper, all of whom had hastened to South Carolina as soon as they had been notified of his serious condition.

Funeral services were held at Kings Chapel, Boston, and the body then taken to Hopedale, Mass., the life-long home of the ex-governor, for burial.

Thousands of people stood with bare heads along the sidewalks while the cortège made its way from the former Boston residence of the ex-governor to King’s Chapel. Hundreds of persons gathered outside of the chapel during the impressive services.

Gov. Walsh, Mayor Curley and a great delegation of state and city officials joined with the immediate family in honoring the memory of the deceased.

A line containing 65 Boston police extended along Tremont street in front of the chapel. A large number of persons stood on the sidewalks and in the street to pay their last respects to the ex-governor.

Out of respect to the former governor’s memory and at the request of Gov. Walsh, all state departments were closed between noon and 1 o’clock on the day of the funeral.

Mr. Draper was lieutenant-governor of Massachusetts during the years 1906, 1907 and 1908 and was elected governor for two terms, 1909-10, 1910-11. He was ex-officio a member of the Massachusetts State Board of Agriculture during the years 1906-1907-1908-1909. He was president of the Republican Club of Massachusetts during 1903.

He was president of the Napoleon Co., vice-president and director of the Harmony Mills, a director in the Draper Co., the Milford National Bank, the Queen City Cotton Co. of Vermont, the Sawyer Spindle Co. of Maine, the Old Colony Trust Co. and the National Shawmut Bank. He had always been a director of the Home Market Club, and was a member of the leading Boston clubs and of the Metropolitan Club of New York. He was also an official of several hospitals.

About a year ago Mrs. Draper, who was Miss Nannie Bristow, daughter of Gen. Benjamin H. Bristow, a former secretary of the Treasury, died, and since that time Mr. Draper had lived very quietly, devoting himself to his children and to many charitable interests in which he was active.

The balance-sheet just issued by the Farbenfabriken vorm. Friedr. Bayer and Co., Leverkusen, one of the largest of the German coal-tar color companies, shows a net profit of 16,761,851 marks, against 16,266,969 marks last year. A dividend of 28% is again being paid.

The capital is being increased from 36 million marks to 34 million marks, in order to take a holding in the synthetic ammonia plant now being erected at Oppau by the Badische Anilin und Soda Fabrik.