Contemplate Sorting with Columnsort

Lester I. McCann

mccann@uwp.edu

Computer Science Department
University of Wisconsin — Parkside
Kenosha, WI

ACM SIGCSE

March 5, 2004

Outline

- Motivation
- The Columnsort Algorithm
 - History
 - Prerequisites
 - The Eight Steps of Columnsort
 - Does Columnsort Actually Work?
 - Is Columnsort Actually Efficient?
- Columnsort Programming Exercises
 - Year One
 - Year Two
- Other Ideas for Assignments
- Conclusion

Motivation

- Sorting is an essential programming technique
 - Discussed in many core CS courses
- Traditional sorting algorithms are ubiquitous
 - Great examples of programming techniques
 - Good fodder for algorithm analysis
 - Different algorithms solve the same problem
- A "new" algorithm can provide a fresh perspective
 - But beware of losing sight of objectives!

A Brief History of Columnsort

- Introduced by Leighton in a 1984 extended abstract
- A generalization of Odd–Even Mergesort
- Designed as a parallel algorithm for a rectangular processor mesh
- Recently the motivation for the work of Chaudry at Dartmouth College
- Used in our work as an internal sorting algorithm

Prerequisites of Columnsort

- Quantity of items to be sorted = $n = r \cdot s$
- Items exist in an $r \times s$ matrix
- Restrictions:

$$r \% s = 0$$

$$r \ge 2(s-1)^2$$

 Resulting matrix will be sorted in Column–Major Order

Eight Steps of Columnsort

Step 1: Sort the Columns

	23	15	9		2	5	1		
Start →	26	11	3	Step 1		8	10	3	
	2	18	7		17	11	4		
	22	5	14		19	12	6		
	17	20	25		22	13	7		
	24	10	1		23	15	9		
	8	13	21		24	16	14		
	27	12	4		26	18	21		
	19	16	6		27	20	25		

Step 2: Transpose (Turn Columns Into Rows)

	$\overline{}$ 2		1		2	8	17	
Step 1	8		3					
	17		4					
	19	12	6					
	22	13	7	Step 2	12	13	15	
	23	15	9		16	18	20	
	24	16	14		1	3	4	
	26	18	21					
	27	20	25		14	21	25	

Step 3: Sort the Columns Again

	2	8	17		1	3	$4 \ $
Step 2	19	22	23	Step 3	2	7	9
	24	26	27		5	8	11
	5	10	11		6	10	15
	12	13	15		12	13	17
	16	18	20		14	18	20
	1	3	4		16	21	23
	6	7	9		19	22	25
	14	21	25		24	26	27

Step 4: Reverse Step 2's Transposition

Step 5: Sort the Columns Yet Again

	1	6	16		1	6	16	
Step 4	3	10	21	Step 5	2	10	19	
	4	15	23		3	12	21	
	2	12	19		4	13	22	
	7	13	22		5	14	23	
	9	17	25		7	15	24	
	5	14	24		8	17	25	
	8	18	26		9	18	26	
	11	20	27		_ 11	20	27	

• Step 6: Shift 'Forward' by $\lfloor \frac{r}{2} \rfloor$ Positions

	1	6	16		$-\infty$	7	15	24
Step 5	2	10	19		$-\infty$	8	17	25
	3	12	21		$-\infty$	9	18	26
	4	13	22	01.22.0	$-\infty$	11	20	27
	5	14	23	Step 6	1	6	16	∞
	7	15	24		2	10	19	∞
	8	17	25		3	12	21	∞
	9	18	26		4	13	22	∞
	11	20	27		5	14	23	∞

Step 7: Sort the Columns One Last Time

	$-\infty$	7	15	24		$-\infty$	6	15	24	
Step 6	$-\infty$	8	17	25		$-\infty$	7	16	25	
	$-\infty$	9	18	26		$-\infty$	8	17	26	
	$-\infty$	11	20	27	Step 7	$-\infty$	9	18	27	
	1	6	16	∞		1	10	19	∞	
	2	10	19	∞		2	11	20	∞	
	3	12	21	∞		3	12	21	∞	
	4	13	22	∞		4	13	22	∞	
	5	14	23	∞		5	14	23	∞	

• Step 8: Shift 'Back' by $\lfloor \frac{r}{2} \rfloor$ Positions

Does Columnsort Actually Work?

- Steps 1 4 place items within $(s-1)^2$ positions of their final locations
 - See Leighton for the proof

```
Step 4  \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 & 16 \\ 3 & 10 & 21 \\ 4 & 15 & 23 \\ 2 & 12 & 19 \\ 7 & 13 & 22 \\ 9 & 17 & 25 \\ 5 & 14 & 24 \\ 8 & 18 & 26 \\ 11 & 20 & 27 \\ \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -4 & -3 \\ +1 & -1 & +1 \\ +1 & +3 & +2 \\ -2 & -1 & -3 \\ +2 & -1 & -1 \\ +3 & +2 & +1 \\ -2 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & +1 & 0 \\ +2 & +2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}
```

Does Columnsort Actually Work? (cont.)

 Steps 5 – 8 place items into their destination columns in sorted order.

$$\circ r \geq 2(s-1)^2$$
, and $\lfloor \frac{r}{2} \rfloor \geq (s-1)^2$

Is Columnsort Actually Efficient?

- Doesn't feel efficient!
 - Troubles some students; only want to learn the "best"
 - Why should we spend time implementing an algorithm that no one has ever heard of?
- Efficiency depends on the implementation decisions
 - There are plenty to be made
 - Makes Columnsort the source of many examples and activities

Columnsort Programming Exercises

- Used in consecutive offerings of a Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis course
- Common student background:
 - Completed CS 1, CS 2, Prob & Stats
 - ullet Lectures on standard $O(n^2)$ and $O(n \log_2 n)$ sorts
 - Columnsort presentation and complete example

Year One

- Assignment: Sort supplied data in least time
 - Test data: One million integers (more or less)
 - Timing measurements:
 - Java: System.currentTimeMillis()
 - · C++: clock()
 - 20% / 10% / 5% bonuses for fastest three in each language
 - Worth less than 1% of total course points

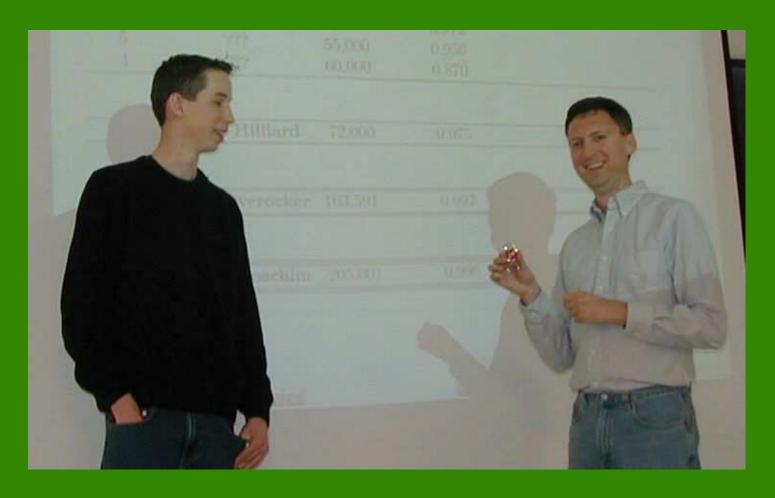
Year One Results

- 29 of 31 completed assignment on—time
 - Highest completion percentage of the semester
- Performance of implementations was quite varied:
 - Java: 3 sec ← 2+ hours (median: 7 sec)
 - C++: < 1 sec ← 14+ minutes (median: 6 sec)
- Notable quote:
 - "I didn't know a[n] n—squared sort took so long!"

Year Two

- Assignment: How much data can be sorted in a second?
 - Inspired by SIGMOD's SecondSort contest
 - Records have 10-byte sort keys
- All students used Java and
 System.currentTimeMillis()
- Meager incentive: A prize for the 'winner'

Trinkets Make Students Happy!



SecondSort with Columnsort 'winner' Peter Joachim (on left)

Year Two Results

- 15 of 15 completed assignment on—time
 - Matched by only one other assignment
- Again, performance varied considerably:
 - 34K 180K records in one second (median: 57K)
- Notable quote:
 - "Is Columnsort a failed attempt at a sorting algorithm?"

Year Two Results (cont.)

- Students completed pre-/post-assignment surveys
 - Amount of interest in assignment unchanged
 - 4.4 on a 0–6 scale
 - Which common sort is most like Columnsort?
 - Mergesort: Before: 31% After: 58%
 - Shellsort: Before: 25% After: 17%
 - $\circ > 50\%$ reported that s = 1 is the best choice
 - Instructor's implementation worked best with s=2 or s=3, and was faster than Java's sorts

Year Two Attitudes

- About one—third of the students…
 - ...would have preferred to code Quicksort instead
 - ...conducted a Columnsort literature search
- About half of the students...
 - ...cited the mystery prize as a motivating factor
 - ...compared their implementation to another sort
- Over half of the students...
 - ...believed their implementations to be $O(n^2)$ (although no one verified that feeling)

Other Ideas for Assignments

- Choice of representation:
 - 1D or 2D array?
- How to "shortcut" even—numbered steps?
- Choice of algorithm for sorting columns:
 - Use a library sort or implement your own?
 - Should the Step 1 choice match that of Step 7?
- Under which circumstances can Columnsort be stopped after Step N?

Conclusion

- Columnsort...
 - ...can be the source of a variety of exercises and analyses
 - ...motivates students to explore alternatives
 - ...shows that 'algorithm archeology' is worthwhile

Any Questions?



mccann@cs.uwp.edu

These full—screen PDF slides were created in LATEX using the prosper class.